## STREET TREE GUIDELINES



### Overview

Road reserves or 'verges' are Crown Land. Street tree planting within landscaped road reserves may be carried out by the Shire of Mundaring, or developers in new subdivisions. Where there is good remnant bushland, this may be retained as a 'bush verge' instead.

Streets are generally planted with a single species to achieve a regular and continuous colonnade effect. This contributes to efficient pruning practices and provides the potential for consistent growth heights within a street.

Particular tree species are selected and located in the verge to best ensure they are appropriate for the location.

Considerations include verge size, underground services, existing surrounding species, land zoning, distances from crossovers, property boundaries, intersections, traffic lights and street lights.

While low growing, waterwise plants are encouraged on verges, unauthorised tree planting within road reserves may be inappropriate or potentially dangerous. Such action may result in removal of the tree and the costs of any resultant damages to underground services or the verge being recovered.

Street tree planting needs to be carried out either by the Shire or by authorised contractors to ensure the installation of appropriate tree species and that works are undertaken safety, with adequate checks for underground services and locations that meet required alignments and distances from other public and private infrastructure.

## Requirements

As a general guide street trees shall be planted greater than 6 metres from a street light, unless otherwise approved.

Street trees are to be planted a minimum of 1.3m (for a slow speed road environment) but ideally 1.5m or greater from the front of the road kerb or crossover with a minimum of 2.5m from structural elements (i.e. walls and foundations).

Street trees shall generally be planted on the 2.8m alignment from the property line but can be in a range of 2.4m to 3.0m depending on the verge width. This is set out in the 'Utility Providers Code of Practice'. Greater clearance from property boundaries can be achieved in wider road reserves.

For corner properties, trees shall not be permitted within 12.0m of the intersecting kerb alignments. At major intersections this clearance may need to be increased to comply with sight distance requirements. Depending on the speed and type of road and tree, the Shire may consider reducing the street tree spacing.

Some verges that would be difficult to plant and maintain may not be considered suitable for street tree planting i.e. due to limiting factors such as steep and/or high embankments, deep open drains, concentration of underground services, limited area for future growth of tree canopy and/or roots.

Once planted, street trees are protected under Local Laws and cannot be removed or harmed without prior approval of the Shire.

## STREET TREE GUIDELINES



### **Characteristics of a Good Street Tree**

- Fast growing
- Responds to pruning and shaping
- Provides good shade
- Roots cause no lifting or may cause only minor lifting in certain instances. Not (highly) invasive to water and sewerage services.
- Do not readily produce suckers
- There is no excessive fouling or inconvenience caused by leaf, flower and fruit fall. That there is no excessive twig and small branch drop and that the leaves do not stain infrastructure.
- Do not have thorns
- Is not poisonous and does not cause allergies, or potential for poisoning and allergic reactions is mild and material is not highly toxic on ingestion or contact.
- Minimal branch failures
- Resistant to:
  - Severe cold and frost
  - Extreme heat and radiated heat in built up environments
  - Severe wind conditions including wind funnelling
  - Drought conditions
  - Atmospheric pollution
  - Insect attack and plant pathogens or diseases.

Attempting to find all these characteristics in a tree species is difficult and restricts the number of tree species that can be used for street trees and in close proximity to infrastructure. See the next two pages for the current species list.

# **Street Trees in Verge Landscaping**

Property owners wishing to landscape and/or make improvement on their verge are required to submit a plan and covering letter to the Shire's Infrastructure Services in order to gain approval prior to any work commencing.

Verge landscaping allows for the inclusion of ground covers and low growing shrubs no higher than 750mm high.

Proposed inclusion of a street tree as part of a landscaped verge planting (or improvement) will need to be planted by the Shire of Mundaring.

The species of tree will need to conform to existing or intended future street tree species.

Should an established street tree exist in a verge that a property owner wishes to landscape/improve, the design must cater for the retention of the tree. This is to ensure its continuance as part of the existing street vista appeal.

## **Tree Removal**

Removal or poisoning of a street tree without approval is prohibited under Local Laws and would lead to prosecution.

Approval to remove a street tree is only allowed in certain circumstances such as poor health, danger to public safety or significant damage to infrastructure, as assessed and confirmed by Shire staff.

For more information contact:

Infrastructure Services - 9290 6716

# **Street Tree Species Selection**

Street trees can be exposed to harsh conditions. Hardy, endemic native tree species are preferred in areas of predominantly native vegetation, such as rural and semi-rural lots.

In general residential areas, non-invasive deciduous trees may be considered more appropriate (if included in the street trees species list below). Where verges are larger and space permits, medium to larger trees are preferred to provide cooling shade to streets and surrounding areas.

Where requests are received to install street trees for residents, the Shire will assess the surrounding patterns of street trees and an appropriate species for that location. Over time the Street Tree Species List may be revised based on watering, maintenance and survival information.

### STREET TREE PLANTING OPERATIONS

Operation	Requirement
Tree size maximum	Under Power lines – Short (6 metres) No Power lines - Medium (10 -16 metres) or Large (> 16metres)
Hole Depth	800mm – 900mm
Container Size and Hole Depth	45 litre – Hole size 600-800mm 100 litre - Hole size 900mm
Spacing of trees	Generally as outlined in Table 1 of the Shire's Street Tree Policy (PS-08)

#### STREET TREE SPECIES LIST

Botanical Name	Common Name	Tree size	Planting location	
Native to Western Australia				
Callistemon	Callistemon 'Kings Park special'	Small	Residential verge / Roundabouts	
Corymbia ficifolia	Red-flowering Gum	Small/medium	Rural verge	
Eucalyptus drummondi	Drummonds Gum	Small	Residential verge	
Eucalyptus erythrocorys	Red-capped Gum	Small	Residential verge	
Eucalyptus laeliae	Darling range Ghost Gum	Large	Rural verge	
Eucalyptus marginata	Jarrah	Large	Rural verge	
Eucalyptus patens	Blackbutt	Large	Rural verge	
Eucalyptus torquata	Coral gum	Small/medium	Residential verge	
Eucalyptus victrix	Little Ghost Gum	Small/medium	Residential verge	

Australian Natives (not from WA)			
Angophora costata	Smooth barked apple	Small	Parks
Callistemon citrinus	Bottlebrush	Small	Residential verge / Roundabouts
Callistemon salignus	Willow bottlebrush	Small	Large residential verge / Parks
Eucalyptus leucoxylon	Yellow gum	Medium	Parks
Eucalyptus sideroxylon	Ironbark	Small/medium	Large residential verge / Parks
Lophostemon confertus	Brush Box	Medium	Replacement only
Melaleuca linarifolia	Snow in summer	Small	Residential verge
Melaleuca quinquinervia	Broad Leaved Paperbark	Small/medium	Residential verge

Ornamentals			
Fraxinus Grifithii	Evergreen Ash	Medium	Residential verge
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Urbanite Green ash	Medium	Parks / Open areas
Platanus acerifolia	London plane	Large	Parks / open areas
Prunus cerasifora "Nigra'	Purple-Leaf Cherry-Plum	Small	Residential verge
Pyrus callaeryana	Capital Pear	Small/medium	Residential verge
Pyrus callaeryana 'Aristocrat'	Aristocrat Callery Pear	Small/medium	Residential verge
Pyrus calleryana 'Bradford'	Bradford Pear	Medium	Residential verge
Pyrus calleryana 'Chanticleer'	Chanticleer Pear	Small/medium	Residential verge
Pyrus calleryana 'Redspire'	Redspire Pear	Small/medium	Residential verge
Pyrus ussuriensis	Manchurian Pear	Small/medium	Residential verge
Zelkova serrata "Green Vase"	Green Vase 'Japanese Elm'	Medium	Residential verge

Exotic				
Gleditisia tracanthos var. inermis	Thornless Honeylocust	Large	Parks / open areas	
Liquidambar styraciflua	American Sweetgum	Large	Parks / open areas	
Platanus orientalis	Oriental plane	Large	Parks / open areas	
Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	Large	Parks / open areas	
Quercus robur	English Oak	Large	Parks / open areas	
Sapium sebiferum	Chinese tallow	Small	Residential verge / Roundabouts	