

Annual epart 2024/25



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Mundadjalina-k ngala kaditj Noongar moort nidja Wadjak boodjar-ak kalyakool moondang-ak kaaradj-midi. Ngala Noongar Moort wer baalabang moorditj kaadidjiny kootadjinanginy. Ngala Noongar wer Torres Strait Moort-al dandjoo koorliny kwabadjinanginy. Koora, yeyi wer kalyakool, ngalak Aboriginal wer Torres Strait birdiya wer moort kootadjinanginy. Shire of Mundaring respectfully acknowledges the Whadjuk people of the Noongar Nation, who are the traditional custodians of this land. We acknowledge Elders past, present and emerging and respect their continuing culture and the contribution they make to the region.



About us

Shire of Mundaring is a vibrant community in the Perth Hills, renowned for its natural beauty, strong community spirit and unique lifestyle. Just 35 kilometres from Perth, it spans 644 square kilometres of forests, trails, and waterways and features over 20 townsites with a population of 42,327 residents.

Since 1903, we have served as the gateway to the Darling Range, offering exceptional natural attractions and extensive walking and cycling trails that define our community's outdoor spirit.

Sustainability guides every decision. We protect green spaces, wildlife and natural assets so they remain valued by future generations. Our parks and trails are at the heart of community life and connection.

Community voices shape how we deliver practical services and responsive solutions. We strive to enhance daily life, support businesses, celebrate culture and sustain our unique way of living.

We foster a hills lifestyle defined by heritage, creativity, and tranquillity, balancing accessibility with careful stewardship of our defining environment.

We are the place for sustainable living





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Our hire



Shire President Message



It has been a significant year of progress, change and achievement for our community.

Council's unanimous endorsement of the Council Plan 2024–2034 set a clear roadmap for the future of our diverse Shire across the Foothills. Hills and Rural communities.

We are delivering major sporting upgrades and new recreational facilities at the Mundaring Sporting Club, Mount Helena, Glen Forrest, Parkerville and Boya ovals, at Brown Park in Swan View, and at Bilgoman Aquatic Centre. New, modern and accessible changerooms and spectator areas will support people of all ages to stay active, participate in sport and strengthen local talent.

Our flagship project, the Mundaring Cultural Hub, will break ground in 2026. The Hub will bring new art galleries, a visitors' centre, a museum and a library to showcase the creative heritage of the Perth Hills. The amphitheatre upgrade will begin soon and will create accessible spaces for live performances and community events. The revitalisation of the town centre will encourage new investment and support housing choice, contemporary infrastructure and a vibrant cultural precinct for all. Our commitment to protecting the local environment remains strong. The

withdrawal of Alcoa's exploration plans from our jarrah forests and water catchment was a significant advocacy outcome achieved through collective community effort. It reflects our shared resolve to safeguard our environment for future generations.

This year the community asked for more public art, more events and more support for community groups and local businesses. We delivered on this and continued to invest in emergency management through education, mitigation and strong support for our Volunteer Bushfire Brigades.

These achievements are the result of clear decision making, good governance and hard work. They were made possible through the combined efforts of Council, Shire staff, community groups and volunteers who uphold the values and spirit of the Shire of Mundaring.

It is a privilege to serve a community that cares deeply for the place we call home and I look forward to delivering together in 2026.

Paige MeNeil, Shire President







The 2024/25 year has been one of transformation and achievement for the Shire of Mundaring. Guided by our Council Plan, we continued strengthening our organisation so we can deliver better outcomes for our community.

Key organisational changes this year included establishing a Project Management Office to improve project delivery, creating a new Organisational Transformation Office, and forming an Organisational Performance team. We also enhanced our Environmental Services team to reflect the priority our community places on the environment. As part of this work, we reduced the number of Directorates from four to three, creating a more streamlined leadership structure. We introduced a Business Improvement Program applying Lean and Six Sigma principles to improve how our services and facilities operate.

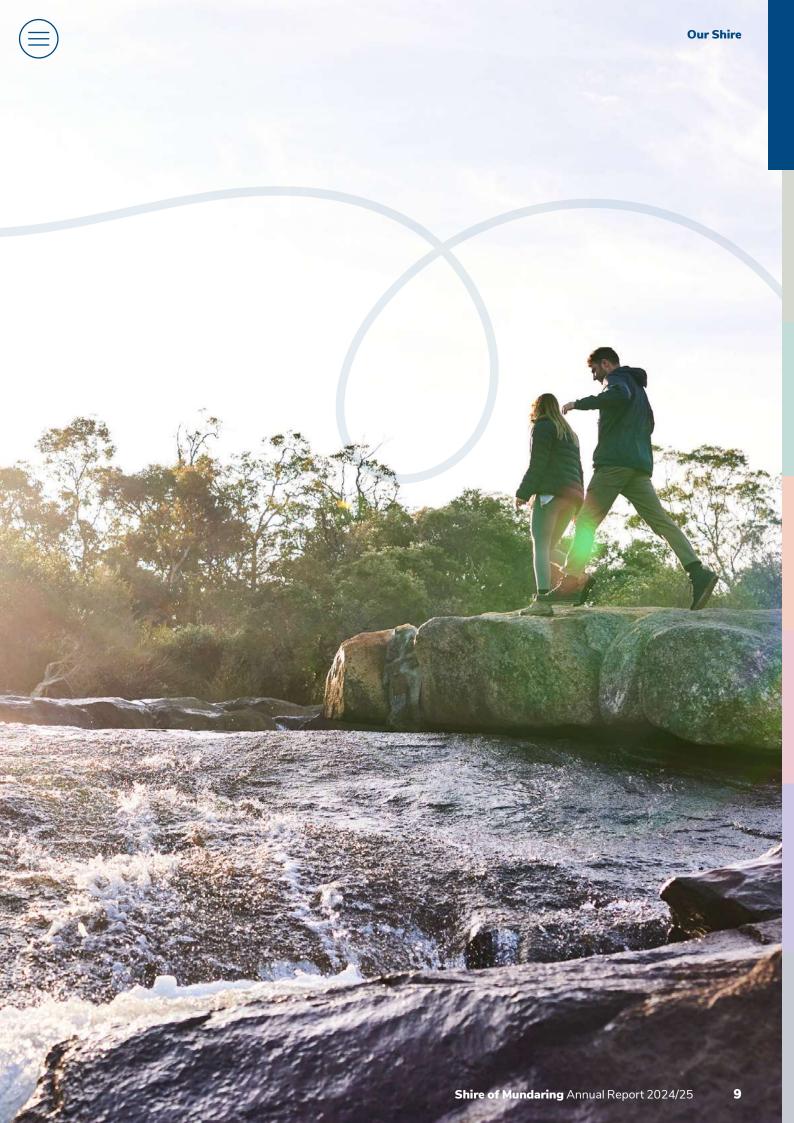
These initiatives are starting to make a meaningful difference. While the full benefits may not yet be visible, they will position the organisation to deliver services more effectively. I am proud of how staff have embraced change and contributed to our achievements, including the Office of the Auditor General commending our Finance team for strong financial management

practices. We also delivered core community projects and events that supported connection across the shire.

In 2025/26, our major focus will be progressing service reviews. This work will examine how we deliver services, identify opportunities for improvement, and ensure we continue to meet Council and community expectations.

Thank you to the Shire President, Councillors, staff, and our community for your support as we continue building a stronger, more responsive organisation.

Jason Whiteaker, CEO





Our Council

Shire of Mundaring is governed by a Shire President and eight Council Members representing four wards - Central, East, South and West. The community elects all Council Members and the Shire President. Council Members elect one of their number to serve as Deputy Shire President. Together, we support our residents and businesses through inclusive planning and local infrastructure development. Our shared vision is for a sustainable future that preserves what makes our region special while embracing thoughtful growth and innovation.

Council holds one Ordinary Council Meeting each month. The public is welcome to attend these meetings, which are guided by the Local Government Act and the Shire's Meeting Procedures Local Law.

The Council's detailed work is conducted through its committees. Shire of Mundaring's Council Members serve on these committees. Each committee examines matters vital to the Shire:

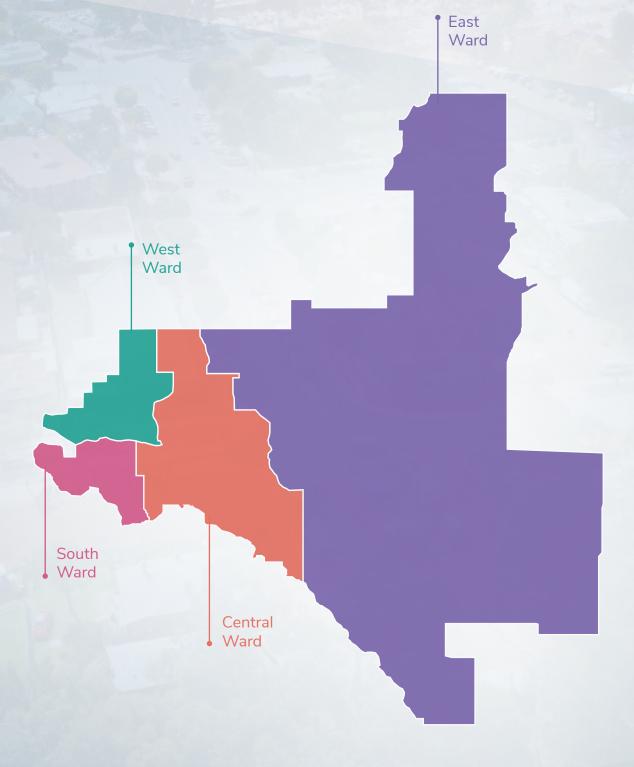
- Australia Day Citizenship Awards Committee
- Bush Fire Advisory Committee
- CEO Performance Review Committee
- Governance Committee
- Grants Selection Committee
- Local Emergency Management Committee
- Audit Risk and Improvement Committee

Annual Electors' Meeting Overview

The 2025 Annual Electors' Meeting, held on Tuesday, 4 February 2025, enabled community members to present motions directly to Council. All 23 motions put forward were carried by electors and formally considered by Council at the March Ordinary Council Meeting as required by the Local Government Act 1995.

Council acknowledged community participation while balancing electors' requests with legislative requirements, existing priorities and resource constraints.











Council Members

Shire President
President Paige McNeil
PresMcNeil@mundaring.wa.gov.au
(Term expires October 2027)

South Ward



Deputy Shire President Cr Luke Ellery CrEllery @mundaring.wa.gov.au (Term expires October 2025)





Cr Jo Cicchini CrCicchini @mundaring.wa.gov.au (Term expires October 2025)





Cr Prapti Mehta CrMehta @mundaring.wa.gov.au (Term expires October 2027)



Position to be filled in 2025



Cr Karen Beale CrBeale @mundaring.wa.gov.au (Term expires October 2025)



Cr Doug Jeans
CrJeans
@mundaring.wa.gov.au
(Term expires October 2025)

East Ward



Cr John Daw
CrDaw
@mundaring.wa.gov.au
(Term expires October 2027)



Cr Neridah Zlatnik
CrZlatnik
@mundaring.wa.gov.au
(Term expires October 2025)

This page reflects the Shire of Mundaring Council as at 30 June 2025. Deputy Shire President and South Ward Councillor Trish Cook served from 1 July 2024 to 27 May 2025.



Future Direction



Our Place-Based Vision for Sustainable Growth

Shire of Mundaring will advance as "The Place for Sustainable Living" and the "Heart of the Perth Hills" through a distinctive place-based approach that recognises our three connected but unique communities. Our Foothills, Hills, and Rural communities each have distinct characteristics and priorities, ranging from suburban convenience amidst bushland to village centres with boutique businesses and lifestyle properties.

Strategic Focus Areas



Community-Centred Development

Guided by our values of Community Focus, Proactivity, Respect, and Accountability, we will continue to prioritise community needs identified through extensive consultation, focusing on waste management improvements, enhanced recreational facilities, improved bushfire safety measures, and better connectivity between our communities.



Sustainable Infrastructure

Our flagship Mundaring Cultural Hub project and the revitalisation of the Mundaring Town Centre will catalyse economic growth whilst celebrating our heritage, arts and culture. We will upgrade ageing sporting facilities to universal standards, enhance telecommunications connectivity, and improve essential infrastructure to support sustainable population growth.





Environmental Leadership

We will balance conservation of our natural assets, including our significant tree canopy, nature reserves, and waterways with responsible development. Our bushfire resilience strategies will adapt to climate change whilst preserving biodiversity.



Advocacy and Partnership

Building on this year's successful advocacy efforts, we will continue to secure state and federal support for our priority projects while fostering partnerships that pool resources and expertise to achieve common goals.



Economic Diversification

We will support the prosperity of local businesses and promote sustainable growth in the tourism sector. Additionally, we will explore opportunities to leverage our strategic location, 35 kilometres from the Perth CBD, to attract diverse economic activities and partnerships that benefit our communities.

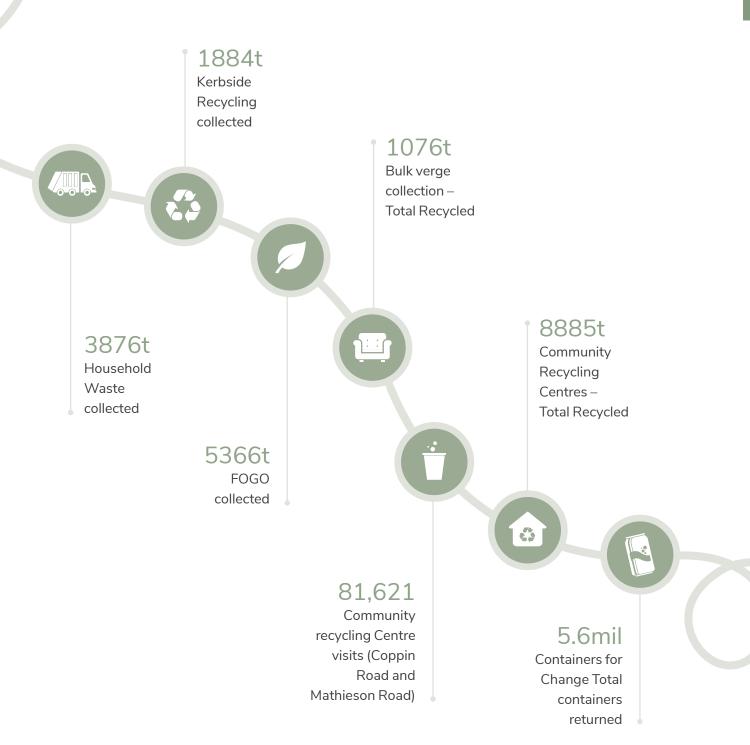


Sustainable



The 2024-2025 year marked significant progress in the Shire's environmental stewardship, with initiatives spanning waste management innovation, strategic planning and natural resource conservation.

Waste and Resources Recovery





FOGO Service Launch and Waste Innovation

The Food Organics Garden Organics (FOGO) service launched on 1 July 2024, with 15,000 lime green-lidded bins distributed to residents. The initiative diverted food scraps and garden waste from landfill, collecting 7,300 tonnes of organic material, 66% above the projected 4,400 tonnes. Low contamination rates ensured material could be processed into high-quality compost.

The weekly FOGO collection, alongside fortnightly recycling and general waste services, represented the most significant change to the Shire's waste management in decades.



/,300t
collected of organic
material, 66% above
the projected

Waste Reduction Rebate

In May 2025, the Shire launched rebates to help residents reduce household waste: a \$50 subsidy for nappy disposal systems and a 50% rebate (up to \$50) on reusable menstrual products. From 2025/26, the program expands to include cloth nappy rebates of 50% (up to \$100) for those who attend Shire-run workshops.

Strategic Waste Management Transition

The Council withdrew from the Eastern Metropolitan Regional Council, effective 1 July 2025, allowing for the exploration of alternative waste management arrangements that better align with local needs and provide enhanced value for ratepayers.

Harvest Ban Disposal

During Harvest Vehicle Movement Ban days, residents accessed the Red Hill Waste Management Facility using Shire-issued entry passes, while the Coppin Road and Mathieson Road Community Recycling Centres were closed, ensuring continuity of waste services during the high fire risk season.





Environmental Leadership

Work progressed on implementing the Local Biodiversity Strategy 2023-2030, supporting the Council Plan outcome that our natural assets are being preserved for the enjoyment of current and future generations. Environmental volunteers and Friends groups continued their invaluable work across multiple reserve sites, contributing thousands of volunteer hours to revegetation, weed control and habitat restoration projects.





Land for Wildlife Program

In March 2025, the Shire launched its Land for Wildlife program, empowering private landholders to protect and restore natural habitats. The free program supported property owners with land larger than 2.5 acres (containing at least 10% native vegetation or a watercourse) by providing expert advice, educational resources, event invitations and access to a wildlife camera loan program.

National Advocacy for Wildlife Protection

The Shire achieved a significant milestone when its motion calling for stronger national protections against harmful rodent poisons was passed at the June 2025 National General Assembly of Local Government in Canberra. Presented by Shire President Paige McNeil and originally brought to Council by Cr John Daw, the motion urged the Australian Government to restrict second-generation anticoagulant rodenticides (SGARs), which cause secondary poisoning in native species, particularly owls. Developed with input from the Environmental Advisory Group, including Associate Professor Rob Davis from Edith Cowan University, this advocacy built on the Shire's 2023 "Owl Friendly" resolution.

Polyphagous Shot-hole Borer Awareness

The Shire partnered with the Department of Primary Industries and Regional Development (DPIRD) to raise awareness about the Polyphagous shot-hole borer. Following the expansion of the Quarantine Area Notice to cover the entire Perth metropolitan area, with Shire of Mundaring designated as Zone B, a community

education campaign informed residents about movement restrictions on untreated wood and plant material to help contain this devastating pest.

Seedlings for Landcare Program

The annual Seedlings for Landcare Program provided over 18,000 free native seedlings to eligible residents, schools and community groups, enabling revegetation of degraded land, creek lines, and wildlife corridors on rural-zoned properties and bushland reserves.

Urban Greening Grant Success

The Shire secured \$82,953 through the Urban Greening Grant Program to plant over 200 trees in Greenmount and Swan View, helping reduce urban heat, create ecological corridors and support endangered black cockatoos and other native wildlife.

Electric Vehicle Fleet Transformation

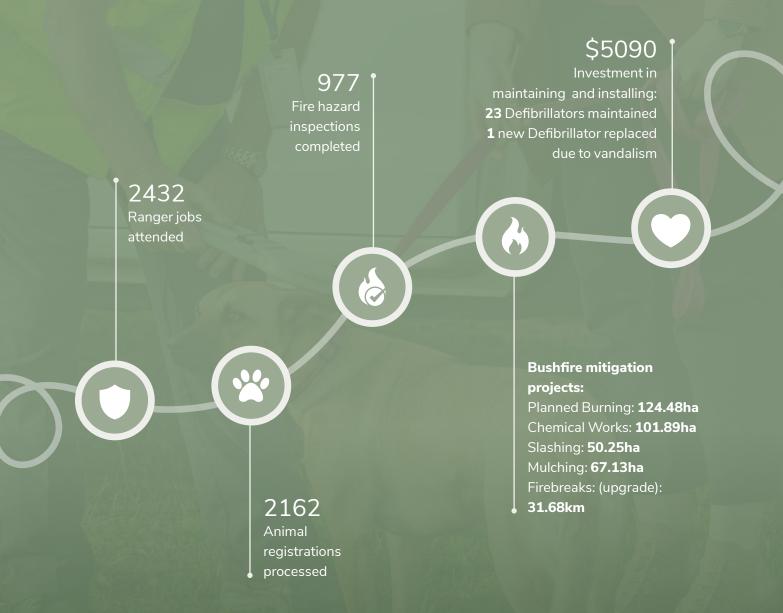
Shire of Mundaring has acquired four electric vehicles and installed four charging stations as part of a collaborative initiative led by the Western Australian Local Government Association (WALGA).

This transition, funded through a \$3.51 million grant from the Australian Renewable Energy Agency (ARENA), represents our commitment to reducing fleet emissions and advancing environmental sustainability across our operations, in support of the targets outlined in our Emissions Reduction Strategy 2024.



Community Safety and Emergency Management

The Shire maintained robust emergency management arrangements throughout the fire season, working to build resilience and cope with natural disasters and emergencies. Coordination with volunteer bushfire brigades ensured readiness to respond to emergencies, while community education programs promoted fire preparedness and awareness of fire danger ratings.





Opening of Stoneville Volunteer Bush Fire Brigade Station

A significant milestone was reached in September 2024 with the official opening of the new Stoneville Volunteer Bush Fire Brigade station. This \$1.2 million purpose-built facility, funded through \$900,000 from the Australian Government and \$300,000 from the Shire, provides modern infrastructure, including female

changerooms and expanded capacity for firefighting apparatus and equipment. The station supports the brigade's 38 dedicated volunteers, who have served the community since 1978, and positions them to grow their volunteer numbers and enhance their operational capabilities.



Bushfire Mitigation

In support of proactive bushfire mitigation, the Shire secured \$327,500 through the State Government's Mitigation Activity Fund. This funding enabled 16 mitigation projects across seven priority areas, including the Superblock, Railway Reserve Heritage Trail and Christmas Tree Creek. Since 2018-2019, the Shire has received a total of \$2,511,624.66 for bushfire mitigation programs, demonstrating ongoing commitment from state and federal partners to community safety.

During this period, the Shire conducted a comprehensive review of its Office of Bushfire Risk Management (OBRM) and the Council-endorsed Bushfire Risk Management Plan 2019-2024, as well as a review and audit of its Bushfire Area Access Strategy. These strategic plans ensure that the Shire's approach aligns with best practices and meets the evolving needs of the community. The Shire remains committed to ensuring all ten volunteer bushfire brigades have fit-for-purpose facilities to protect the community in bushfire-prone areas.

Static Water Supplies and Community Engagement

The Shire's Static Water Supplies Support Community Safety project saw the installation of three new 60,000L emergency water tanks in key locations, enhancing firefighting efforts and strengthening community preparedness. In a unique community engagement initiative, residents were invited to choose their favourite mural design by local artist Tay Beynon (Meraki Boho) for Lake Leschenaultia. The vibrant artwork, which highlights the vital role of water in fire response, serves as a visual reminder of the collective responsibility for fire safety. This project was funded by Shire of Mundaring and the Commonwealth Government's National Disaster Risk Reduction initiative, with support from the WA State Emergency Management Committee.



60,000L

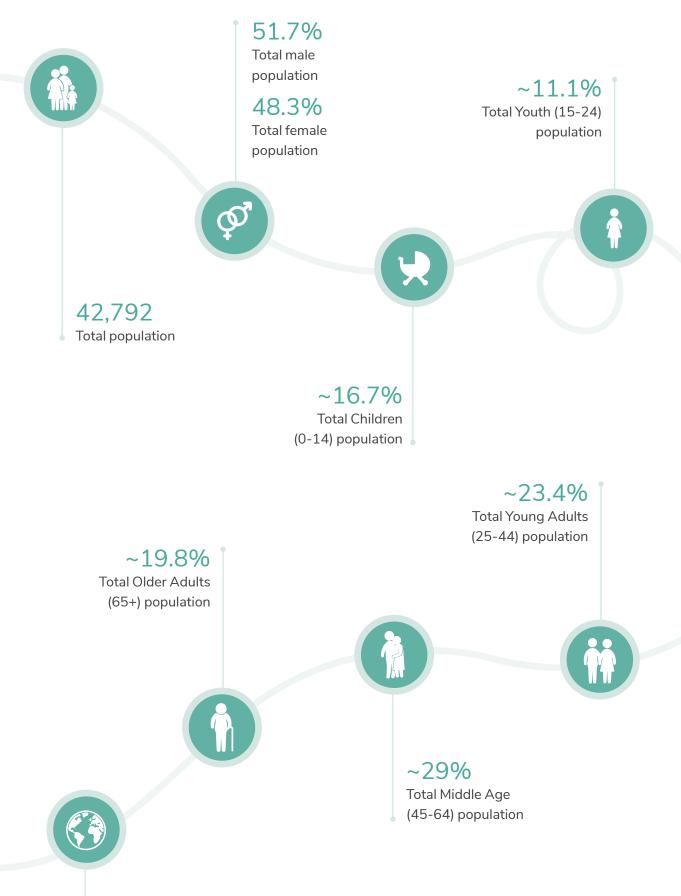
new emergency water tanks installed in three key locations





Sustainable





Countries represented in citizenship ceremonies

New Zealand, Philippines, India, Taiwan, South Africa, Zimbabwe. United Kingdom, England, Ireland, Netherlands, Thailand, Turkiye, Botswana, Kenya, Vietnam, Saudi Arabia, Papua New Guinea, Brazil, Portugal, Hungary, Canada, Zambia, Germany, Sweden, Mauritius, Poland, Ukraine







\$103,054

Total community grant funding distributed

79
Active Ageing Network event attendees (weekly average)







910

Hub of the Hills activities (annual attendance)

Community Groups funded via a service agreement

Mundaring & Hills Historical Society
Mundaring Adult Creative &
Learning Centre
KSP Foundation
Mundaring Arts Centre
Mundaring Hills Open Studios
Darlington Arts Festival





Building Connected, Inclusive and Vibrant Communities

The Shire's commitment to fostering strong, healthy, and inclusive communities was demonstrated through cultural programming, community events and strategic planning for future facilities and services.

Preserving our Past, Shaping our Future

The Shire has many places of heritage value within its boundaries, reflecting the historic settlement and development of the area. The conservation and management of these heritage places is essential to maintaining the cultural heritage, aesthetic value, and amenity of the Shire. The promotion of heritage further enhances a sense of community and identity, as locals and visitors understand and appreciate the reasons behind its unique character and development.

The conservation of heritage is fundamental to realising the Council's vision and objectives in the Council Plan 2024-2034. In this regard, Council has adopted a Heritage Strategy (the first of its kind for Shire of Mundaring) and an updated Local Heritage Survey during 2024/2025.

Summer of Entertainment 2025

The Shire delivered its Summer of Entertainment 2025 series, featuring five free, accessible events for the entire community to enjoy, supported by a \$15,000 Lotterywest grant.

The program included:

- Movie in the Park on Friday 17 January at Brown Park, Swan View, featuring precinema entertainment and food trucks
- LakeFest on Friday 31 January at Lake Leschenaultia in Chidlow, with pump track challenges, paddleboats, activities for all ages and a complimentary shuttle service
- Twilight Tunes on Saturday 22 February at the Sculpture Park Amphitheatre in Mundaring, featuring an outdoor concert under the stars.
- Dodge 'n' Disco on Friday 11 April at Swan View Youth Centre, a free event for 12 to 17 year-olds featuring dodgeball, dancing, activities and refreshments during the school holidays.
- Boots & Riffs on Saturday 10 May at Wooroloo Hall, an evening of country rock featuring Perth band Afterglow.



Community Funding Program

During the 2024/2025 financial year, the Shire distributed \$103,054 in community grant funding to support local groups and initiatives across the district. Following this investment in our community, the Shire undertook an extensive review of its grants program to ensure it better serves applicants and delivers meaningful outcomes for our community. In response to community feedback and in alignment with the Council Plan 2024-2034, the Community Grants Program was refreshed and renamed the Community Funding Program.

The review will lead to significant improvements aimed at making the program more accessible and responsive.

Key enhancements include a streamlined application process that reduces administrative burden on applicants, faster assessment timeframes, and improved access to funding. Most notably, the program will operate on a rolling basis, accepting applications year-round until the allocated budget for the financial year is fully expended. This shift away from fixed funding rounds means community groups can apply when opportunities arise, rather than waiting for specific application periods. The program continues to support a diverse range of projects, from local events and

creative initiatives to youth representation programs, with priority given to proposals that align with the Council Plan's strategic goals.

In addition to the Community Funding
Program, the Shire maintains ongoing
partnerships with key community
organisations through service agreements.
These partnerships recognise the vital
role these groups play in enriching our
community's cultural, historical, and social
fabric. Organisations currently supported
through funded service agreements include:

- Mundaring & Hills Historical Society
- Mundaring Adult Creative & Learning Centre
- KSP Foundation
- Mundaring Arts Centre
- Mundaring Hills Open Studios
- Darlington Arts Festival



\$103,054

in distributed community grant funding to support local groups and initiatives





Volunteering and Awards





Recognition Events

Celebrating our Volunteer Bushfire Brigade and SES Members

Shire of Mundaring hosted the annual Emergency Services Family BBQ, which proved to be an excellent evening for all volunteer emergency services personnel and their families. The annual BBQ serves as an essential occasion to recognise brigade members who have served for 15 years or more with life membership awards. Outstanding Service Awards, which are nominated by peers and selected by a panel, are also presented at this event.

The Shire also hosts an annual Captains' Dinner in recognition of the considerable time, effort and leadership these volunteers provide in the operation of their respective brigades. This event also acknowledges and thanks their partners, whose support enables these volunteers to dedicate their time to the community and attend the various committees required during their tenure as Captain.

Citizenship Awards

We were proud to recognise the recipients of our 2025 Citizen Awards, whose dedication and service exemplified the spirit of community that makes Shire of Mundaring such a vibrant place to live.



Bruce Watkins (Access Mundaring Award)

devoted decades to supporting community resilience through his work with Parkerville Community Care, including critical fire recovery efforts and programs that helped local families thrive.



Darren Rullo (Inspirational Volunteer

Award) transformed the Swan View Football Club through his leadership, guiding both senior and junior teams to championship success while personally improving club facilities.



Max Hore (Long Service Award)

contributed 38 years of tireless service to our community, from co-founding the Hovea Residents and Ratepayers Association to supporting countless local initiatives.



Amariah Stenton (Young Citizen of the

Year) demonstrated remarkable leadership as a student councillor, musician, and fourthgeneration CWA member, inspiring her peers and mentoring younger community members.



Other Awards and Recognition

Recognition from the Office of the Auditor General

The Shire's commitment to excellence was further recognised when we were named a 'best practice entity' by the Office of the Auditor General in its 2023-24 Local Government Financial Audit Results, tabled in State Parliament in April. As one of only 20 local governments statewide to receive this commendation, we were recognised for our strong financial management, including timely reporting, high-quality financial statements, effective resolution of accounting matters, and minimal audit findings. This independent recognition reflects our ongoing commitment to transparent and responsible stewardship of public funds, giving our community confidence in how their resources are managed.

Community Champion

Garry O'Donnell, affectionately known as 'Poppy Ted', received Runner-up Aboriginal Community Person of the Year at Midland NAIDOC celebrations on 1 October. Garry transports 15 to 20 children to school daily and goes above and beyond by volunteering his time to his community.

Gold for Tourism

In November, the Perth Hills Tourism Alliance, a collaborative partnership between Shire of Mundaring and four neighbouring councils, was awarded Gold in the Excellence in Local Government Award for Tourism at the 2024 Perth Airport WA Tourism Awards.

This prestigious recognition celebrates our collective efforts to drive the visitor economy across the Darling Scarp region through the Experience Perth Hills brand, including the launch of a new website and brochure that showcase the incredible tourism experiences our area offers. The award underscored the strength of regional collaboration and our commitment to building a sustainable tourism economy that creates opportunities for local businesses and our community.



award in excellence in Local Government for Tourism





Libraries

Connecting Community Through Innovation and Collaboration



Our libraries continue to serve as vital community hubs, delivering innovative services and meaningful partnerships.



Bridging the Digital Divide

New eReader Kits provide tablets preloaded with apps for eBooks, audiobooks, movies, and music, as well as headphones, ensure that all residents can access our digital collection regardless of their home technology.

Extended Community Partnerships

- Mundaring Camera Club Photography
 Course: A five-week beginner
 photography course at Boya Community
 Centre was well-subscribed, with our
 libraries providing venue, marketing,
 bookings and support.
- Engaging Adolescents Parenting
 Program: Building on the success of
 one-off workshops with Midvale Hub
 Parenting Service, we expanded to a
 fully booked three-session program
 that helps parents navigate adolescent
 development. Four parenting workshops
 were delivered this year, with more
 planned.

Supporting Community Wellbeing

- Seniors Outreach: Partnering with Hub of the Hills to bring library services directly to seniors, reducing isolation and fostering connection.
- Read Write Now: Providing welcoming spaces for volunteers and clients to build essential adult literacy skills.
- Tax Help Centre: Operating as an official Tax Help Centre for the first time, successfully assisting residents with tax returns.

Innovative Spaces

- The Parent Study Station at Boya
 Library features a desk, secure playpen,
 and laptop loan service, enabling parents
 to study while their children play safely
 nearby.
- Technology & Safety Enhancements
 - Automated return bin at Boya
 Library for immediate re-borrowing
 with 100% accuracy
 - Security cameras installed at Mundaring Library.

Engaging Young Minds

Our Minecraft Club for 7 to 12-year-olds launched at Boya Library with strong attendance and a waitlist, encouraging creativity and teamwork. Over 200 participants enjoyed our summer school holiday program, which featured workshops on birds of prey, creative writing, and Auslan. Children's Book Week attracted 242 participants, with our Reading Fairy bringing the magic. Many families completed the Summer Reading Quest, proudly collecting achievement certificates.

Measuring Our Impact

For the first time, our libraries participated in the national CERM PI survey, which revealed that 96% of patrons would recommend us to others, surpassing the national benchmark. This confirmed our staff's excellent service quality while identifying opportunities to enhance awareness of our programs and services.



The Hub of the Hills

The Hub of the Hills has been an invaluable partner in supporting our older adults throughout the year. Through their dedication to the Active Ageing Network and a diverse range of programs, including weekly Coffee Mornings, Mahjong, and meditation sessions, as well as special events such as the Creative Showcase, Summer Delight, and Cancer Council High Tea, they've created meaningful opportunities for connection, engagement, and wellbeing. With hundreds of participants benefiting from their welcoming spaces and thoughtful programming, their commitment to helping older adults thrive continues to make a real difference in our community.



Children, Young People and Families

By listening to residents' voices, removing barriers to essential services and creating spaces where families can connect and thrive, we're building a community that invests in its members today and for the future.

Youth Informing Strategy 2025-2029

On 8 October, Council unanimously adopted the Youth Informing Strategy 2025-2029. Shaped by young people's voices, this five-year strategy creates opportunities for engagement, communication, activities, health and wellbeing, and connection and belonging.

School Holiday Activities

In July 2024, the Shire launched additional school holiday programs to provide families with engaging and accessible activities during school breaks, creating opportunities for children and young people to learn, play, and connect with their community.





Supporting Families

The Midvale Hub and Swan Child and Parent Centre provide free support to families with children, including parenting programmes, early learning, health services and individualised assistance. Highlights during the year include:

Essential Health Services: In March,
 157 families received vision checks
 at a Brown Park event, supported by
 The Hearing Bus, Moorditj Djena, and
 OneSight EssilorLuxottica Foundation.
 Balga Senior High School hospitality
 students provided refreshments.

Child and Parent Centres

During the July 2024 school holidays, the Child and Parent Centre Swan hosted "Fairy Tales and Fantasy Potions" sessions in transformed magical spaces, where children created wands and crowns, explored potion play, and developed problem-solving skills through imaginative activities alongside their parents.

School Holiday Activities

In July 2024, the Shire launched additional school holiday programs to provide families with engaging and accessible activities during school breaks, creating opportunities for children and young people to learn, play, and connect with their community.

• Celebrating Culture

The team collaborated with Aboriginal Elder and artist Arron Yarren over 12 months to design Aboriginal shirts that reflect respect for culture and community partnership.

Baby Expo September 2024

Over 400 people attended, accessing information on pregnancy and parenting, free health talks, professional portraits and children's activities.



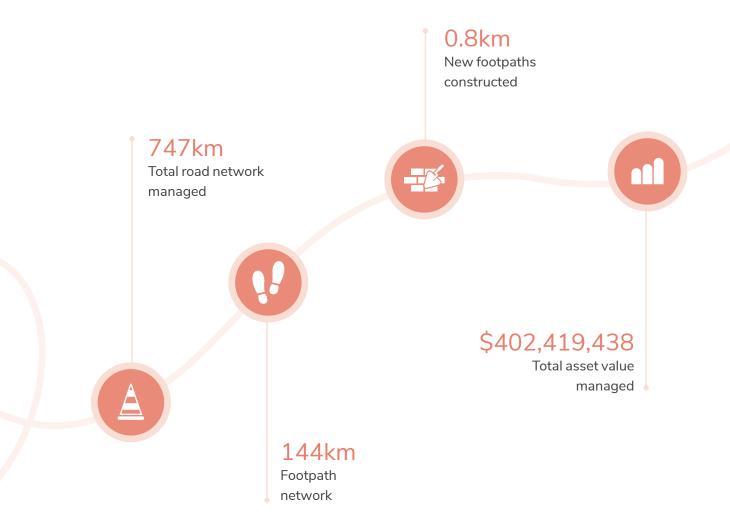




Sustainable



During 2024/25, Shire of Mundaring continued to deliver on its commitment to create attractive, welcoming, and well-maintained places throughout its communities. Our focus has been on developing infrastructure that enhances liveability, supports sustainable population growth and provides fit-for-purpose facilities for current and future generations. From upgrading recreational facilities to improving accessibility and revitalising town centres, these projects demonstrate our dedication to building places where people want to live, work and visit.





Aquatic Centre
entries - Bilgoman
86,720 entries
\$368,832 income

279 Food premises inspections









Venue bookings for community facilities 12,102 bookings \$422,315 income

Aquatic Centre
entries - Mt Helena
6030 entries
\$26,868 income



288

Health complaints investigated







747

Pool inspections

373
Development applications determined



Mundaring Town Centre Revitalisation and Cultural Hub

The Mundaring Town Centre Revitalisation project represents a transformative, once-in-a-generation initiative to reimagine our town centre as a welcoming and vibrant community hub. This long-term project, which commenced in 2019 with scheduled completion by 2029, achieved significant milestones throughout the year.

Cultural Precinct Improvement Plan

Council endorsed the first phase of the Mundaring Cultural Precinct Improvement Plan, committing \$1.4 million to deliver a new amphitheatre and events space within the Mundaring Community Sculpture Park, creating a flexible venue for community events whilst maintaining the park's natural character.

Federal Government Funding Secured

A landmark achievement came in December with \$15 million secured from the Federal Government's Thriving Suburbs Grant Program. This funding enables the creation of the Mundaring Cultural Hub, consolidating community services into a modern facility featuring an art gallery, library, visitor centre, museum, wellness clinic and community spaces. Economic modelling estimates the project will increase Gross Regional Product by \$68 million and create up to 148 jobs during construction.

Design Appointment

In April 2025, award-winning firm Cox Architecture was appointed to design the Cultural Hub, with construction targeted to commence in 2026. This project positions Mundaring as a cultural destination, supporting economic growth and enhanced community wellbeing for generations to come.

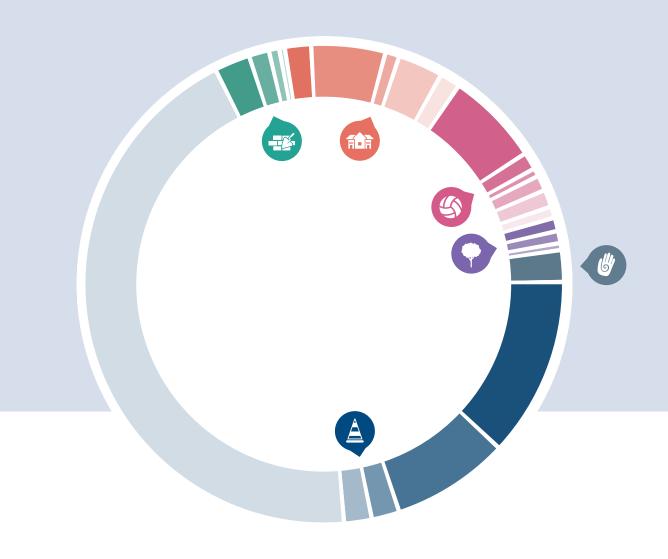


\$15m secured from the Federal Government's Thriving Suburbs Grant Program





Key Projects Delivered in 2024/25





Old York Road Upgrade – \$1,219,975.

A comprehensive upgrade, including road resurfacing, new footpath construction and drainage improvements along Old York Road, has enhanced road safety, pedestrian connectivity and stormwater management for residents and visitors.

Stoneville Road Resurfacing – \$788,700.

Resurfacing works along Stoneville Road have restored road surface quality and extended pavement life.



Swan View Heritage Trail Carpark –

\$163,308. A new carpark on the corner of Balfour Road and Buninyong Road provides convenient parking for trail users accessing this popular recreational asset.

Rosedale Road Drainage Improvement -

\$162,627. New stormwater drainage infrastructure has been installed to reduce the potential of verge and property flooding.

Dura Road – \$27,994 was invested in sealing the road, providing an all-weather surface that reduces dust, improves safety, and enhances vehicle access for residents



Vista Drive / Kilburn New Footpath -

\$218,000. New footpath infrastructure from Kilburn Road to Dodington Place enhances pedestrian safety and connectivity in the residential area.

Ridgehill Road New Footpath – \$110,000

A new footpath along Ridgehill Road from Maguire Road to Helena Valley Road provides safe pedestrian access and improves walkability.

Beresford Gardens New Footpath -

\$42,000. New footpath infrastructure improves pedestrian connectivity and accessibility in the local area.

Mundaring Recreation Ground Footpath –

\$8,233. New footpath construction improves pedestrian access and connectivity around the sporting facility.



Glen Forrest Hall Upgrade – \$152,370. Comprehensive upgrade works enhance

facility functionality and amenities for community users and events.

Glen Forrest Recreation Ground Carpark –

\$485,000. A significant upgrade of carpark facilities at Glen Forrest Oval and Tennis Courts to enhance parking capacity, surface quality, accessibility and overall functionality for sports users and community events.

Glen Forrest Hall Carpark – \$67,171.

Improvement works to enhance parking facilities and improve accessibility to the hall.

Parkerville Hall Upgrade – \$283,206.

Significant upgrades to modernise amenities, improve functionality, and better serve the local community's needs for meetings, events, and gatherings..

Eastern Hills Playgroup Building Upgrade

– \$112,790. Comprehensive upgrades provide improved early childhood facilities, enhanced safety features and better amenities for young families.





Bilgoman Pool Building Upgrades -

\$622,119. Major building upgrades, including structural improvements and facility enhancements, support the continued operation of the community pool.

Mundaring Recreation Ground Pavilion

Pergola – \$90,646. A new pergola structure provides a shaded outdoor area for spectators and participants at sporting events.

Bruce Douglas Pavilion Floor Tiling –

\$26,954. Replacement floor tiling improves aesthetics, durability and ease of maintenance.

Parkerville Oval Power Feed Split -

\$76,725. Electrical infrastructure upgrades improve power feed reliability and capacity for sporting activities and events.

Sawyers Valley Oval Subsoil Drainage -

\$90,323. The installation of a subsoil drainage system improves the playing surface quality, reduces waterlogging, and extends the usability of the oval throughout the wetter months.

Glen Forrest Tennis Club LED Lighting -

\$50,000. Conversion to modern LED technology provides improved illumination for evening play whilst reducing energy consumption and ongoing maintenance costs.



Wooroloo Reserve Upgrades - \$63,000.

General improvements and upgrades to facilities and amenities enhance recreational opportunities for the rural community.

Norris Park Playground, BBQ, and Shelter

\$54,325. The installation of new playground equipment, BBQ facilities, and a shelter structure creates a family-friendly recreational space.

Balfour Road Temporary Dog Park -

\$17,968. The establishment of a temporary off-leash dog exercise area provides recreational facilities for pet owners, whilst permanent facilities are planned.



Darlington Heritage Walkway – \$190,000.

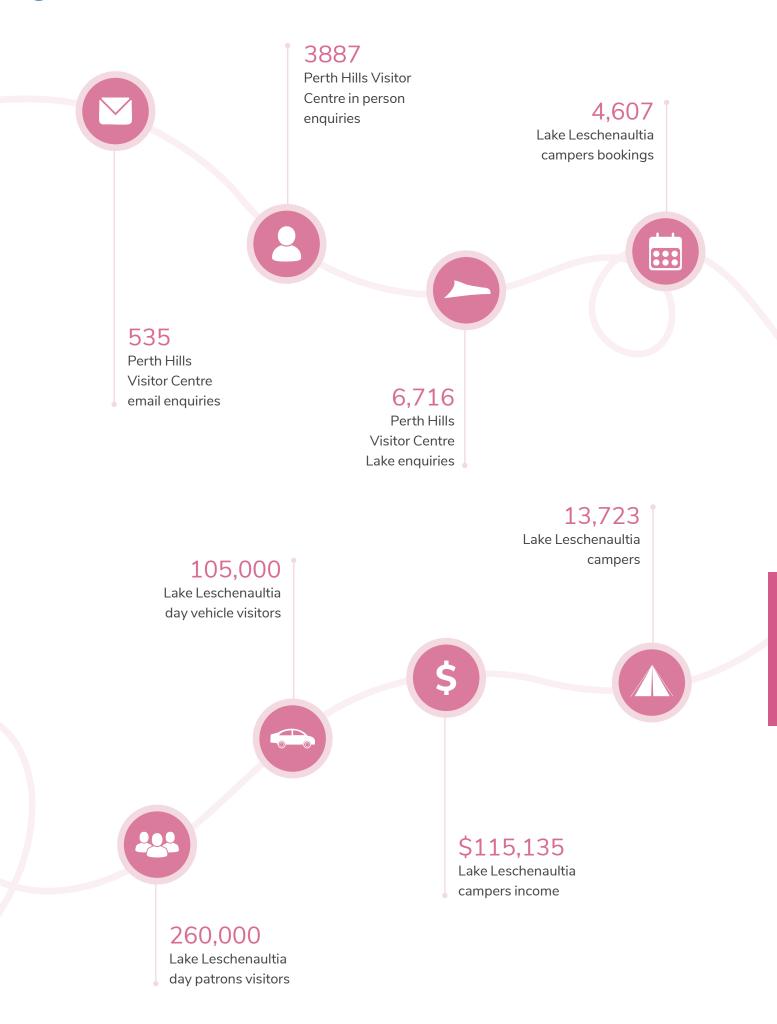
Development of a heritage walkway featuring interpretive signage and pathway improvements celebrates and recognises significant historical locations throughout Darlington, enhancing cultural tourism and community connection to local history.





Sustainable conomies







Local Business Support

During the year, the Shire provided \$5,000 in funding to the Mundaring Chamber of Commerce to support the development of a comprehensive Strategic Plan. This investment will enable the Chamber to facilitate collaborative workshops with key stakeholders to shape a five-year strategic vision for the local business community.

The Shire also supports local businesses by hosting a free business directory on its website, providing a valuable platform for businesses to connect with the community and increase their visibility to potential customers.

Supporting the World Team Disc Golf Championship

In November 2024, the Shire supported the World Flying Disc Federation World Team Disc Golf Championship, the first time this international competition had been held in the southern hemisphere. Hosted by Mundaring Sporting Club, the event attracted 250 international players and spectators from approximately 25 countries, delivering significant economic benefits to local accommodation providers, hospitality venues and retail businesses.

The Shire provided \$18,000 in financial support and fee waivers totalling \$3,196 to help bring this prestigious event to the region. The championship's global livestream and extensive social media coverage showcased Mundaring to international audiences, strengthening the Shire's reputation as a premier destination for sporting events and reinforcing its commitment to supporting community initiatives, tourism and local business development.

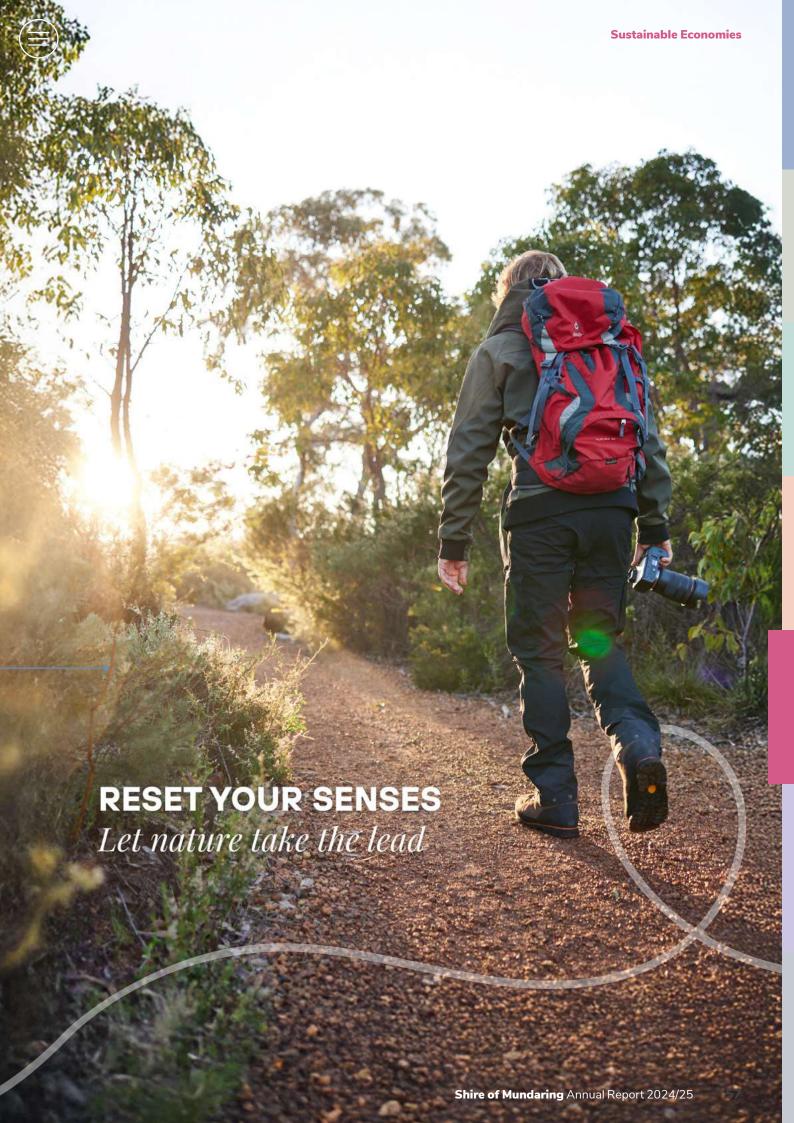
Escape the Everyday Tourism Campaign

In May 2025, the Shire launched the 'Escape the Everyday' tourism campaign to strengthen local businesses and elevate Mundaring's profile as a premier destination throughout the cooler months. Thoughtfully aligned with the Noongar seasonal calendar, the campaign will span Makuru (June to July) and Djilba (August to September), acknowledging the traditional custodians' deep understanding of the land's natural cycles.

Through strategic placement across social media, digital advertising platforms and key commuter locations, including Perth Train Station, the initiative will showcase Mundaring's unique attractions to both local and metropolitan audiences. The campaign is expected to successfully increase brand awareness whilst fostering greater appreciation for the region's cultural heritage and natural beauty, driving visitation during a traditionally quieter period for local tourism operators.



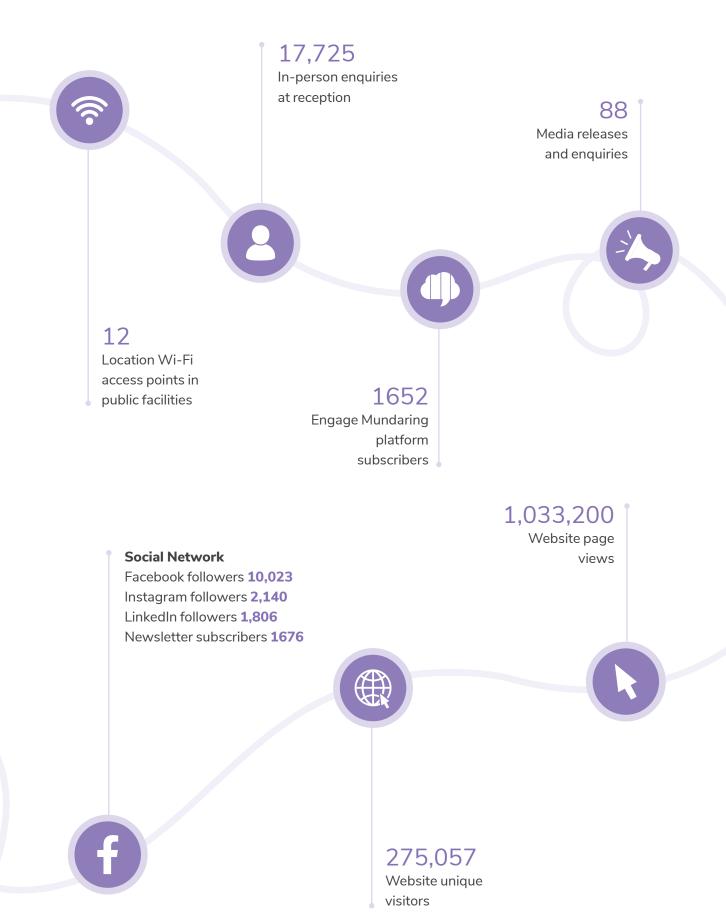
'Escape the Everyday' campaign launched to strengthen local businesses and elevate Mundaring as a premier destination





Sustainable







During 2024/25, Shire of Mundaring focused on delivering dynamic, community-focused leadership, governance and communication. We strengthened organisational governance, improved financial and asset management, and enhanced customer service. Through transparent decision-making and proactive community engagement, we built trust and positioned the Shire to meet current and future challenges.

Statutory Reports

Council Member attendance records

Council Member	Ordinary Council Meetings	Special Council Meetings	Audit and Risk Committee Meetings	Bushire Advisory Committee Meetings
Total	12	2	6	4
Shire President Paige McNeil	12	2	4	n/a
Deputy Shire President Trish Cook	8	1	2	n/a
Cr John Daw	12	2	n/a	3
Cr Karen Beale	9	2	2	1
Cr Jo Cicchini	12	2	n/a	n/a
Cr Luke Ellery	10	2	n/a	n/a
Cr Doug Jeans	12	2	6	3
Cr Prapti Mehta	11	2	4	n/a
Cr Neridah Zlatnik	11	2	n/a	n/a



Council Member	CEO Performance Review Committee Meetings	Governance Committee Meetings	Grants Selection Committee Meetings	Local Emergency Management Committee Meetings
Total	2	6	4	3
Shire President Paige McNeil	2	6	3	n/a
Deputy Shire President Trish Cook	1	n/a	n/a	2
Cr John Daw	n/a	n/a	1	n/a
Cr Karen Beale	n/a	n/a	2	n/a
Cr Jo Cicchini	n/a	n/a	1	n/a
Cr Luke Ellery	n/a	5	4	n/a
Cr Doug Jeans	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Cr Prapti Mehta	2	6	3	n/a
Cr Neridah Zlatnik	2	6	3	2

Deputy Shire President Trish Cook resigned from Council prior to the final Ordinary Council Meeting of the 24/25 financial year.





Salay Range	Number of Employees
130000 to 140000	1
140000 to 150000	4
150000 to 160000	6
160000 to 170000	3
170000 to 180000	1
180000 to 190000	
190000 to 200000	
200000 to 210000	
210000 to 220000	3
220000 to 270000	
270000 to 280000	

CEO Total Remuneration Package - \$356,181





Disability, Access and Inclusion Plan (DAIP)

As a local government authority, the Shire has an obligation to meet outcomes under the Disability Services Act 1993. Each year, the Shire reports on the outcomes from its Access and Inclusion Informing Strategy 2022-2026. All Shire events during the year are inclusive events. Initiatives throughout the year include:

On Thursday 30 January, the Shire hosted an Inclusive Sports Day, providing community members with disabilities the opportunity to explore a range of inclusive sports. This event was the perfect opportunity for participants to try something new, discover their favourite activities and connect with local programs. The event was proudly supported in partnership with WA Disabled Sports Association Inc. and Blind Sports WA, creating a day of fun, inclusion and connection for all attendees.

A Step Forward – New Accessibility Features at Local Halls

The Shire completed significant accessibility improvements at two much-loved community halls. Parkerville Hall and Glen Forrest Hall now feature:

- New wheelchair access ramps
- Upgraded universal access toilets
- Wheelchair lifts for easy stage access

These upgrades make our halls more inclusive and user-friendly, ensuring they can support events and activities for all members of our community.

What's next? Plans for both halls include carpark upgrades to enhance safety and improve security for visitors. These improvements reflect the Shire's vision to create fit-for-purpose, welcoming spaces for everyone to enjoy.

Rotary Mundaring Donates New Wheelchairs to our Libraries

A huge thank you to Rotary Club of Mundaring for their generous donation of two new wheelchairs to Mundaring and Boya Libraries. The new chairs are lighter, safer and easier to use and store, ensuring our library spaces remain inclusive and welcoming for all.

Celebrating Inclusion on International Day of People with Disability

As part of an Access and Inclusion Working Group initiative, the Shire donated noise balls and high vision balls to local sporting clubs, creating more opportunities for people with disability to get involved in local sports.

• Our Ongoing Commitment

The Shire remains committed to creating an accessible and inclusive community for all people regardless of their ability, age, culture, sex, gender or sexual orientation. We continue to work closely with our Inclusion and Disability Access Advisory Group (IDAAG) to monitor and implement actions across all seven outcome areas of the Disability Services Act 1993.



Diversity Data

Eight council members provided the diversity data detailed in the Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996, regulation 19B. One council member did not respond. Shire of Mundaring comparison percentages are based on 2021 Census data.

Statistic	Council	Shire of Mundaring Residents
Gender	33% male (three council members) 55% female (five council members)	51.7% male 48.3% female
Linguistic background	66% (six council members) speak only English at home	84.2% speak only English at home 15.8% speak a language other than English at home
Country of birth	77% (seven council members) born in Australia	71% born in Australia 29% born overseas
Councillors aged between 25 and 34	11.1% (one council member)	11.2%
Councillors aged between 35 and 44	0	12.6%
Councillors aged between 45 and 54	44.4% (four council members)	14.2%
Councillors aged between 55 and 64	11.1% (one council member)	14.6%
Councillors aged over 64	33.3% (three council members)	19.5%
Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander	0	2.2%

Source: Council diversity data (2025) and 2021 Census data, Australian Bureau of Statistics.



Breaches (Standard Panel)

No breaches reported during the reporting period.

Freedom of Information

The Shire's Freedom of Information statement is available on the Shire website and outlines the Shire's functions, the kind of records we keep and how these records can be accessed.

In all, 11 Freedom of Information applications were received during the 2024/2025 financial year.

Public Disclosures

Shire of Mundaring is committed to the aims and objectives of the Public Interest Disclosure Act 2003 (PID Act). The Act aims to ensure openness and accountability in government by encouraging people to make disclosures and protecting them when they do. It facilitates the disclosure of public interest information and protects those making such disclosures, as well as those who are the subject of disclosures. The Act also provides a process for the matters disclosed to be investigated and for appropriate action to be taken. The Shire did not receive any public interest disclosure reports during the reporting year.

Standards Panel Costs

The Shire did not pay any Standards Panel costs for hearing a complaint regarding a council member, nor did the Standards Panel order that any funds be reimbursed to the Shire by a council member.

Records Management

The Shire's Record Keeping Plan outlines the process for the management and disposal of records in accordance with the State Records Act 2000 and other legislation.

The Shire is committed to recordkeeping that ensures and facilitates a structured approach using corporate systems.

General recordkeeping applies to all Elected Members, staff, and contractors. Retaining corporate documents in an electronic records management system delivers best practice in recordkeeping an provides an efficient document processing service to meet customer needs and volume demands.

The number of records captured in the Shire's corporate recordkeeping system in FY2024-2025 was 112,088. This includes incoming and outgoing letters, emails, online forms, and internal documentation.

Training in recordkeeping practices and use of the Shire's document and records management system is provided to all new staff upon commencement. Ongoing training for all staff is made available throughout the year.



Annual Financial Cont



SHIRE OF MUNDARING FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

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Statement of changes in equity	71
Statement of cash flows	72
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The Shire of Mundaring conducts the operations of a local government with the following community vision:

The place for sustainable living

Principal place of business:

7000 Great Eastern Highway Mundaring WA 6073



SHIRE OF MUNDARING FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Local Government Act 1995
Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

Statement by CEO

The accompanying financial report of the Shire of Mundaring has been prepared in compliance with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1995 from proper accounts and records to present fairly the financial transactions for the reporting period ended 30 June 2025 and the financial position as at 30 June 2025.

At the date of signing this statement the particulars included in the financial report are not misleading or inaccurate.

Signed on the 2nd day of December 2025.

Jason Whiteaker

CEO



Shire of MundaringSTATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	Note	2025 Actual	2025 Budget	2024 Actual
•		\$	\$	\$
Revenue				
Rates	2(a),27	34,085,034	33,831,164	32,475,736
Grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	6,785,687	4,455,491	8,003,924
Fees and charges	2(a)	13,278,992	12,754,045	13,208,907
Interest revenue	2(a)	2,421,911	2,420,000	2,262,209
Other revenue	2(a)	2,178,408	2,119,965	1,734,538
		58,750,032	55,580,665	57,685,314
Expenses				
Employee costs	2(b)	(25,231,464)	(24,770,447)	(23,825,221)
Materials and contracts		(25,036,240)	(23,824,785)	(22,721,824)
Utility charges		(1,465,538)	(1,354,833)	(1,619,087)
Depreciation		(10,349,535)	(9,619,397)	(10,031,723)
Finance costs	2(b)	(294,500)	(294,500)	(338,263)
Insurance		(694,773)	(680,440)	(649,133)
Other expenditure	2(b)	(1,158,080)	(1,124,950)	(2,275,224)
		(64,230,130)	(61,669,352)	(61,460,475)
		(5,480,098)	(6,088,687)	(3,775,161)
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	2	4,184,460	5,514,730	2,874,028
Profit on asset disposals		78,875	157,519	102,034
Loss on asset disposals		(64,071)	(226,819)	(45,943)
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4(b)	(6,215)	0	3,482
Share of net profit of associates accounted for using the	22(c)	(118,349)	0	1,118,605
equity method	,		E 44E 420	4,052,206
		4,074,700	5,445,430	4,052,206
Net result for the period	26(b)	(1,405,398)	(643,257)	277,045
Other comprehensive income for the period				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	5			
Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using the equity method	17, 22(b)	3,351,293	0	61,303
Total other comprehensive income for the period	17	3,351,293	0	61,303
Total comprehensive income for the period		4.045.005	(CA2 2E7)	220 240
Total comprehensive income for the period		1,945,895	(643,257)	338,348

	Note	2025	2024
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	15,176,995	17,353,578
Trade and other receivables	5	5,536,184	5,306,121
Other financial assets	4(a)	31,327,224	30,109,480
Inventories	6	114,763	58,135
Other assets	7	697,708	433,879
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		52,852,874	53,261,193
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	5	1,466,615	1,434,417
Other financial assets	4(b)	139,334	145,549
Investment in associate	22(a)	24,040,764	21,485,320
Property, plant and equipment	8 ′	87,496,385	87,296,108
Infrastructure	9	379,448,761	380,431,750
Right-of-use assets	11(a)	154,388	364,755
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	()	492,746,247	491,157,899
TOTAL ACCETS		E4E E00 101	544,419,092
TOTAL ASSETS		545,599,121	544,419,092
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	12	9,318,014	8,529,532
Capital grant/contributions liabilities	13	305,613	320,631
Lease liabilities	11(b)	157,727	223,602
Borrowings	14	854,331	812,437
Employee related provisions	15	3,598,756	3,808,724
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		14,234,441	13,694,926
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Lease liabilities	11(b)	0	148,158
Borrowings	14	5,959,390	6,813,721
Employee related provisions	15	334,265	248,084
Other provisions	16	881,725	1,270,798
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		7,175,380	8,480,761
TOTAL LIABILITIES		21,409,821	22,175,687
TOTAL LIABILITIES		21,409,021	22,175,007
NET ASSETS		524,189,300	522,243,405
EQUITY			
Retained surplus		142,950,820	145,620,816
Reserve accounts	30	34,532,810	33,268,212
Revaluation surplus	17	346,705,670	343,354,377
TOTAL EQUITY		524,189,300	522,243,405
		== :, :00,000	===,=:0,:30



	Note	Retained surplus	Reserve accounts	Revaluation surplus	Total equity
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2023		148,677,004	29,934,979	343,293,074	521,905,057
Comprehensive income for the period Net result for the period		277,045	0	0	277,045
Other comprehensive income for the period	17 _	0	0	61,303	61,303
Total comprehensive income for the period		277,045	0	61,303	338,348
Transfers from reserve accounts Transfers to reserve accounts	30 30	3,583,422 (6,916,655)	(3,583,422) 6,916,655	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2024	_	145,620,816	33,268,212	343,354,377	522,243,405
Comprehensive income for the period Net result for the period		(1,405,398)	0	0	(1,405,398)
Other comprehensive income for the period	17 _	0	0	3,351,293	3,351,293
Total comprehensive income for the period		(1,405,398)	0	3,351,293	1,945,895
Transfers from reserve accounts Transfers to reserve accounts	30 30	4,903,605 (6,168,203)	(4,903,605) 6,168,203	0 0	0 0
Balance as at 30 June 2025	-	142,950,820	34,532,810	346,705,670	524,189,300



CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$ \$ Receipts 34,150,510 32,502,476 Grants, subsidies and contributions 6,735,866 8,447,780 Fees and charges 13,278,992 13,208,907 Interest revenue 2,421,911 2,262,209 Goods and services tax received 2,863,793 2,445,161 Other revenue 2,178,408 1,734,538 Fayments 61,629,480 60,601,071 Payments Employee costs (25,355,251) (23,596,417) Materials and contracts (24,685,036) (26,651,395) Utility charges (1,465,538) (1,619,087) Finance costs (683,573) 771,335 Insurance paid (694,773) (649,133) Goods and services tax paid (2,955,974) (2,158,423) Other expenditure (1,158,080) (2,275,224) (56,998,225) (56,178,344) Net cash provided by operating activities 18(b) 4,631,255 4,422,727
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Payments Employee costs (25,355,251) (23,596,417) Materials and contracts (24,685,036) (26,651,395) Utility charges (1,465,538) (1,619,087) Finance costs (683,573) 771,335 Insurance paid (694,773) (649,133) Goods and services tax paid (2,955,974) (2,158,423) Other expenditure (1,158,080) (2,275,224) (56,998,225) (56,178,344)
Employee costs (25,355,251) (23,596,417) Materials and contracts (24,685,036) (26,651,395) Utility charges (1,465,538) (1,619,087) Finance costs (683,573) 771,335 Insurance paid (694,773) (649,133) Goods and services tax paid (2,955,974) (2,158,423) Other expenditure (1,158,080) (2,275,224) (56,998,225) (56,178,344)
Materials and contracts (24,685,036) (26,651,395) Utility charges (1,465,538) (1,619,087) Finance costs (683,573) 771,335 Insurance paid (694,773) (649,133) Goods and services tax paid (2,955,974) (2,158,423) Other expenditure (1,158,080) (2,275,224) (56,998,225) (56,178,344)
Utility charges (1,465,538) (1,619,087) Finance costs (683,573) 771,335 Insurance paid (694,773) (649,133) Goods and services tax paid (2,955,974) (2,158,423) Other expenditure (1,158,080) (2,275,224) (56,998,225) (56,178,344)
Finance costs (683,573) 771,335 Insurance paid (694,773) (649,133) Goods and services tax paid (2,955,974) (2,158,423) Other expenditure (1,158,080) (2,275,224) (56,998,225) (56,178,344)
Insurance paid (694,773) (649,133) Goods and services tax paid (2,955,974) (2,158,423) Other expenditure (1,158,080) (2,275,224) (56,998,225) (56,178,344)
Goods and services tax paid (2,955,974) (2,158,423) Other expenditure (1,158,080) (2,275,224) (56,998,225) (56,178,344)
Other expenditure (1,158,080) (2,275,224) (56,998,225) (56,178,344)
(56,998,225) (56,178,344)
Net cash provided by operating activities 18(b) 4,631,255 4,422,727
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 8(a) (4,237,310) (2,430,753)
Payments for construction of infrastructure 9(a) (5,720,368) (6,159,012)
Proceeds from capital grants, subsidies and contributions 4,184,460 2,874,028
Distributions from investments in associates 677,500
Proceeds for financial assets at amortised cost (1,217,744) (5,930,172)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 532,094 533,787
Net cash (used in) investing activities (5,781,368) (11,112,122)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Repayment of borrowings 29(a) (812,437) (772,872)
Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 29(b) (214,033) (210,506)
Net cash (used in) financing activities (1,026,470) (983,378)
Net (decrease) in cash held (2,176,583) (7,672,773)
Cash at beginning of year 17,353,578 25,026,351
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 18(a) 15,176,995 17,353,578



Shire of MundaringSTATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Revenue from operating activities 27 34,085,034 33,831,164 32,475,786 General rates 27 34,085,034 33,831,164 32,475,786 General rates 27 34,085,034 34,855,434 36,003,924 Fees and charges 12,764,045 32,008,907 General rates 24,219,111 2,764,000 2,262,209 Gither revenue 2,2178,408 2,119,965 17,34,538 Fees and charges 17,345,381 Fees and charges 17,345,38		Note	2025 Actual	2025 Budget	2024 Actual
Revenue from operating activities 27 34,085,034 33,831,164 32,475,786 34,085,034 33,831,164 32,475,786 34,085,034 33,831,164 32,475,786 34,085,034 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 34,085,035 3	OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$	\$	\$
Ceneral rates	0. =				
Grants, subsidies and contributions	·	27	34.085.034	33.831.164	32,475,736
Pesa and charges					
Chief revenue	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Profit on asset disposals Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Share of net profit of associates accounted for using the equity method 22(c) Fixpenditure from operating activities Expenditure from operating activities Employee coats Employee coats Uility, charges Uility, charges					
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 4(b) 6(2,15) 0 3,482 5,587e of net profit of associates accounted for using the equity method 2(c) (118,349) 0 0,1118,005 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 61,909,704 62,809,704 62	Other revenue		2,178,408	2,119,965	1,734,538
Share of net profit of associates accounted for using the equity method 22(c) (118.349) 5, 34 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,343 55,738,184 58,909,435 58,704,471 (23.852,221 24,041,043,043) (24.770,447) (23.852,221 24,041,043,043) (24.770,447) (23.852,221 24,041,043,043) (24.770,447) (23.852,221 24,041,043,043) (24.770,447) (23.852,241 24,041,043,043) (24.770,447) (23.852,241 24,041,043,043) (24.770,447) (23.852,241 24,041,043,043) (24.770,447) (23.852,241 24,041,043,043) (24.770,447) (24.770,447) (23.852,241 24,041,043,043) (24.770,447) (24.770,	Profit on asset disposals		78,875	157,519	102,034
Expenditure from operating activities	Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4(b)		0	3,482
Exponditure from operating activities	Share of net profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	22(c)	. , ,		
Employee costs			58,704,343	55,738,184	58,909,435
Materials and contracts			(0= 004 404)	(0.4.==0.4.=)	(00.00=.004)
Utility charges	• •				
Depreciation					
Finance costs	, ,				
Insurance	•				
Other expenditure (1,158,080) (2,24,502) (226,819) (226,819) (45,943) (64,94,201) (61,996,171) (61,506,418) (226,819) (45,943) (45,943) (64,94,201) (61,996,171) (61,506,418) Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities 28(a) 10,208,137 9,688,697 9,827,623 9,827,623 Amount attributable to operating activities 28(a) 4,184,460 3,530,710 7,230,840 INVESTING ACTIVITIES Inflows from investing activities 4,184,460 5,514,730 2,874,028 Capital grants, subsidies and contributions 4,184,460 5,514,730 2,874,028 Proceeds from disposal of assets 532,094 1,044,927 533,787 Distributions from investing activities 5,394,054 6,559,657 3,407,815 Outflows from investing activities 5,394,054 6,559,657 3,407,815 Acquisition of property, plant and equipment 8(a) (4,237,310) (5,818,218) (2,430,753) Acquisition of infrastructure 9(a) (5,720,368) (10,769,193) (61,589,176) Amount attributable to investing activities 30 (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) FINANCING ACTIVITIES Inflows from financing activities 30 (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Payment of borrowings 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (7,543,139) (81,958,787,728,724) Repayment of borrowings 29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (214,033) (210,036) (3,583,422) Payments for principal portion of lease					
Loss on asset disposals					
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities 28(a) 10,208,137 9,688,697 9,827,623 2,000 3,530,710 7,230,640 2,000 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 7,230,640 3,530,710 3,530,730 3,530,730 3,530,730 3,530,730 3,530,730 3,530,730	•				
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities	2000 011 40001 410400410				
Note			(= :,== :,== :)	(01,000,111)	(=:,===,::=)
Note	Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities	28(a)	10,208,137	9,688,697	9,827,623
Inflows from investing activities		` ,			
Inflows from investing activities	INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions 4,184,460 5,514,730 2,874,028 Proceeds from disposal of assets 532,094 1,044,927 533,787 Distributions from investments in associates 22(b) 677,500 0 0 0 Outflows from investing activities 5,394,054 6,559,657 3,407,815 3,407,815 Acquisition of property, plant and equipment 8(a) (4,237,310) (5,818,218) (2,430,753) Acquisition of infrastructure 9(a) (5,720,368) (10,769,193) (6,159,012) Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) FINANCING ACTIVITIES Inflows from financing activities 30 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 Outflows from financing activities 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872) Repayment of borrowings 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (214,033) (214,033) (274,035) (57,900,033) Amount att					
Proceeds from disposal of assets Distributions from investments in associates 22(b) 532,094 677,500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			4,184,460	5,514,730	2,874,028
Outflows from investing activities 5,394,054 6,559,657 3,407,815 Acquisition of property, plant and equipment 8(a) (4,237,310) (5,818,218) (2,430,753) Acquisition of infrastructure 9(a) (5,720,368) (10,769,193) (6,159,012) (9,957,678) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) FINANCING ACTIVITIES Inflows from financing activities Transfers from reserve accounts 30 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 Outflows from financing activities 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (210,506) Transfers to reserve accounts 30 (6,188,203) (7,543,139) (6,916,655) Transfers to reserve accounts 30 (6,188,203) (7,543,139) (6,916,655) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611) MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Surplus or defficit at the start of the financial year 28(b)<			532,094	1,044,927	533,787
Outflows from investing activities Acquisition of property, plant and equipment 8(a) (4,237,310) (5,818,218) (2,430,753) Acquisition of infrastructure 9(a) (5,720,368) (10,769,193) (6,159,012) (9,957,678) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) FINANCING ACTIVITIES Inflows from financing activities Transfers from reserve accounts 30 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 Outflows from financing activities 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (210,506) Transfers to reserve accounts 30 (6,168,203) (7,543,139) (6,916,655) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611) MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attributable to operating activities 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attr	Distributions from investments in associates	22(b)	677,500	0	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of infrastructure 9(a) (5,213,310) (5,818,218) (2,430,753) (6,159,012) (9,957,678) (10,769,193) (6,159,012) (9,957,678) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) (16,587,411)			5,394,054	6,559,657	3,407,815
Acquisition of infrastructure 9(a) (5,720,368) (10,769,193) (6,159,012) (9,957,678) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) FINANCING ACTIVITIES Inflows from financing activities Transfers from reserve accounts 30 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 Outflows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (210,506) (7,194,673) (8,569,610) (7,900,033) Transfers to reserve accounts 30 (6,168,203) (7,543,139) (6,916,655) (7,194,673) (8,569,610) (7,900,033) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611) MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year Amount attributable to operating activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)					
Amount attributable to investing activities (9,957,678) (16,587,411) (8,589,765) FINANCING ACTIVITIES Inflows from financing activities Transfers from reserve accounts 30 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 Outflows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (210,506) Transfers to reserve accounts 30 (6,168,203) (7,543,139) (6,916,655) (7,194,673) (8,569,610) (7,900,033) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611) MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year Amount attributable to operating activities 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)				, , ,	
Amount attributable to investing activities FINANCING ACTIVITIES Inflows from financing activities Transfers from reserve accounts Outflows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities Transfers to reserve accounts Amount attributable to financing activities Amount attributable to operating activities MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872) (29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (214,033) (210,506) (7,194,673) (8,569,610) (7,900,033) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611) Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)	Acquisition of infrastructure	9(a)			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Inflows from financing activities Transfers from reserve accounts Outflows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities Transfers to reserve accounts Amount attributable to financing activities Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year Amount attributable to investing activities Amount attributable to investing activities Amount attributable to financing activities Amount attributable to investing activities Amount attributable to financing activities Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)			(9,957,678)	(16,587,411)	(8,589,765)
Inflows from financing activities 30 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,003,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 4,003,605 4,2438 4,003,605 4,2438 4,214,033 4,214	Amount attributable to investing activities		(4,563,624)	(10,027,754)	(5,181,950)
Transfers from reserve accounts 30 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 Outflows from financing activities 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 Outflows from financing activities 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (210,506) Transfers to reserve accounts 30 (6,168,203) (7,543,139) (6,916,655) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611) MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year 28(b) 7,334,094 8,853,627 9,602,015 Amount attributable to operating activities 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)	FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Outflows from financing activities 4,903,605 6,213,027 3,583,422 Repayment of borrowings 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (210,506) Transfers to reserve accounts 30 (6,168,203) (7,543,139) (6,916,655) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611) MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year 28(b) 7,334,094 8,853,627 9,602,015 Amount attributable to operating activities 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)	Inflows from financing activities				
Outflows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (210,506) Transfers to reserve accounts 30 (6,168,203) (7,543,139) (6,916,655) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611) MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year 28(b) 7,334,094 8,853,627 9,602,015 Amount attributable to operating activities 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)	Transfers from reserve accounts	30			3,583,422
Repayment of borrowings 29(a) (812,437) (812,438) (772,872)	Outflows from financing activities		4,903,605	6,213,027	3,583,422
Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 29(b) (214,033) (214,033) (210,506) (6,168,203) (7,543,139) (6,916,655) (7,194,673) (8,569,610) (7,900,033) (7,900,033) (7,194,673) (8,569,610) (7,900,033)		20(-)	(040 407)	(040 400)	(770.070)
Transfers to reserve accounts 30 (6,168,203) (7,543,139) (6,916,655) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611) MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year Amount attributable to operating activities 28(b) 7,334,094 8,853,627 9,602,015 Amount attributable to investing activities 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)			, ,	, ,	, ,
Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611) MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year Amount attributable to operating activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)					
MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year 28(b) 7,334,094 8,853,627 9,602,015 Amount attributable to operating activities 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)	Transiers to reserve accounts	30			
Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year 28(b) 7,334,094 8,853,627 9,602,015 Amount attributable to operating activities 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)	Amount attributable to financing activities		(2,291,068)	(2,356,583)	(4,316,611)
Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year 28(b) 7,334,094 8,853,627 9,602,015 Amount attributable to operating activities 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)	MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT				
Amount attributable to operating activities 4,618,279 3,530,710 7,230,640 Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)		28(h)	7 334 004	8 853 627	9 602 015
Amount attributable to investing activities (4,563,624) (10,027,754) (5,181,950) Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)	•	20(0)	, ,		
Amount attributable to financing activities (2,291,068) (2,356,583) (4,316,611)	·				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
20(8) 2,004,004	Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates	28(b)	5,097,681	0	7,334,094

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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Shire of Mundaring

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report of the Shire of Mundaring which is a Class 2 local government comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 and accompanying regulations.

Local Government Act 1995 requirements

Section 6.4(2) of the Local Government Act 1995 read with the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 prescribe that the financial report be prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, the Australian Accounting Standards. The Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities) and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board were applied where no inconsistencies exist.

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 specify that vested land is a right-of-use asset to be measured at cost, and is considered a zero cost concessionary lease. All right-of-use assets under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost rather than at fair value, except for vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the Shire to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 provide that:

- land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment; or
- infrastructure: or
- vested improvements that the local government controls; and measured at reportable value, are only required to be revalued every five years. Revaluing these non-financial assets every five years is a departure from AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment, which would have required the Shire to assess at each reporting date whether the carrying amount of the above mentioned non-financial assets materially differs from their fair value and, if so, revalue the class of non-financial assets.

Accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the financial report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses,

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

As with all estimates, the use of different assumptions could lead to material changes in the amounts reported in the financial report.

The following are estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and further information on their nature and impact can be found in the relevant note:

- · Fair value measurement of assets carried at reportable value including:
 - Property, plant and equipment Note 8
 - Infrastructure Note 9
- Measurement of employee benefits Note 15
- · Measurement of provisions Note 16

Fair value heirarchy information can be found in Note 25

The local government reporting entity

All funds through which the Shire controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements. A separate statement of those monies appears at Note 31 of the financial report.

Initial application of accounting standards

During the current year, the following new or revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations were applied for the

- AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
 - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
- AASB 2022-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- · AASB 2022-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Non-current Liabilities with Covenants
- AASB 2023-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure of Non-current Liabilities with Covenants: Tier 2
- AASB 2024-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Supplier Finance Arrangements: Tier 2 Disclosures
- AASB 2023-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Supplier Finance Arrangements

These amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the financial report on initial application.

• AASB 2022-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities

These amendment may result in changes to the fair value of certain non-financial assets on revaluation. The impact has not been quantified as it is not considered practicable to determine the amount of the difference in fair value attributable to the change in the standard.

New accounting standards for application in future years

The following new accounting standards will have application to local government in future years:

- AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture
- AASB 2024-4b Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 [deferred AASB 10 and AASB 128 amendments in AASB 2014-10 apply]
- AASB 2022-9 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Insurance Contracts in the Public Sector
- AASB 2023-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Lack of Exchangeability AASB 18 (FP) Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements
 - (Appendix D) [for for-profit entities]
- AASB 18 (NFP/super) Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements
 - (Appendix D) [for not-for-profit and superannuation entities]
- AASB 2024-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments
- AASB 2024-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Annual Improvements Volume 11

These amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the financial report on initial application.



2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

(a) Revenue

Contracts with customers

Recognition of revenue is dependant on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source of revenue and recognised as follows:

Revenue category	Nature of goods and services	When obligations typically satisfied	Payment terms	Returns/refunds/ warranties	Timing of revenue recognition
Rates	General Rates	Over time	Payment dates adopted by Council during the year	None	When rates notice is issued
Grant contracts with customers	Community events, minor facilities, research, design, planning evaluation and services	Over time	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting		Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations as inputs are shared
Grants, subsidies or contributions for the construction of non-financial assets	Construction or acquisition of recognisable non- financial assets to be controlled by the local government	Over time	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting		Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations as inputs are shared
Grants with no contract commitments	General appropriations and contributions with no reciprocal commitment	No obligations	Not applicable	Not applicable	When assets are controlled
Fees and charges Licences/ Registrations/ Approvals	Building, planning, development and animal management, having the same nature as a licence regardless of naming	Single point in time	Full payment prior to issue	None	On payment and issue of the licence, registration or approval
Fees and charges Pool inspections	Compliance safety check	Single point in time	Equal proportion based on an equal annually fee	None	After inspection complete based on a 4 year cycle
Fees and charges Other inspections	Regulatory Food, Health and Safety	Single point in time	Full payment prior to inspection	None	Revenue recognised after inspection event occurs
Fees and charges Waste management collections	Kerbside collection service	Over time	Payment on an annual basis in advance	None	Output method based on regular weekly and fortnightly period as proportionate to collection service
Fees and charges Waste management entry fees	Waste treatment, recycling and disposal service at disposal sites	Single point in time	Payment in advance at gate or on normal trading terms if credit provided	None	On entry to facility
Fees and charges Property hire and entry	Use of halls and facilities	Single point in time	In full in advance	Refund if event cancelled within 7 days	On entry or at conclusion of hire
Fees and charges for other goods and services	Cemetery services, library fees, reinstatements and private works	Single point in time	Payment in full in advance	None	Output method based on provision of service or completion of works
Other revenue Sale of stock	Kiosk and visitor centre stock	Single point in time	In full in advance, on 15 day credit	Refund for faulty goods	Output method based on goods
Other revenue Reimbursements	Insurance claims	Single point in time	Payment in arrears for claimable event	None	When claim is agreed

Shire of Mundaring

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

(a) Revenue (Continued)

Revenue recognition

Rate revenue was recognised from the rate record as soon as practicable after the Shire resolved to impose rates in the financial year as well as when the rate record was amended to ensure the information in the record was current and correct.

Revenue recognised during the year under each basis of recognition by nature of goods or services is provided in the table below:

For the year ended 30 June 2025

For the year ended 30 Julie 2025					
	Contracts with	Capital	Statutory		
Nature	customers	grant/contributions	requirements	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rates	0	0	34,085,034	0	34,085,034
Grants, subsidies and contributions	6,785,687	0	0	0	6,785,687
Fees and charges	4,323,423	0	8,955,569	0	13,278,992
Interest revenue	2,100,176	0	321,735	0	2,421,911
Other revenue	1,871,494	0	306,914	0	2,178,408
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	0	4,153,205	0	31,255	4,184,460
Total	15,080,780	4,153,205	43,669,252	31,255	62,934,492

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Nature	Contracts with customers	Capital grant/contributions	Statutory requirements	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rates	0	0	32,475,736	0	32,475,736
Grants, subsidies and contributions	8,003,924	0	0	0	8,003,924
Fees and charges	4,392,793	0	8,816,114	0	13,208,907
Interest revenue	1,996,044	0	266,165	0	2,262,209
Other revenue	1,333,446	0	401,092	0	1,734,538
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	0	2,874,028	0	0	2,874,028
Total	15,726,207	2,874,028	41,959,107	0	60,559,342

,	lote	2025 Actual	2024 Actual
		\$	\$
Interest revenue			
Interest on reserve account		1,512,181	1,456,800
Trade and other receivables overdue interest		321,735	266,165
Other interest revenue		587,995	539,244
		2,421,911	2,262,209
The 2025 original budget estimate in relation to:			
Trade and other receivables overdue interest was \$310,000			
Fees and charges relating to rates receivable			
Charges on instalment plan		131,739	135,765
The 2025 original budget estimate in relation to: Charges on instalment plan was \$141,750			
Charges on instalment plan was \$141,750			
Expenses			
Auditors remuneration			
- Audit of the Annual Financial Report		53,546	50,160
- Other services – grant acquittals		3,630	4,800
		57,176	54,960
Employee Costs			
Employee benefit costs		25,231,464	23,825,221
		25,231,464	23,825,221
Finance costs			
Interest and financial charges paid/payable			
for lease liabilities and financial liabilities not			
at fair value through profit or loss		294,500	338,263
		294,500	338,263
Other expenditure			
Community grants and donations		551,525	591,193
Provision for Capital Contribution towards EMRC Regional Waste Collection Pr	oject	0	1,109,598
Sundry expenses		606,555	574,433
		1,158,080	2,275,224



NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash at bank and on hand

Total cash and cash equivalents

Held as

- Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents
- Restricted cash and cash equivalents

Note	2025	2024
	\$	\$
	15,176,995	17,353,578
18(a)	15,176,995	17,353,578
	8,202,389	11,222,950
18(a)	6,974,606	6,130,628
	15,176,995	17,353,578

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Restricted financial assets

Restricted financial asset balances are not available for general use by the local government due to externally imposed restrictions. Restrictions are specified in an agreement, contract or legislation. This applies to reserve accounts, unspent grants, subsidies and contributions and unspent loans that have not been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor, legislation or loan agreement.

4. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

(a) Current assets

Financial assets at amortised cost

Other financial assets at amortised cost

Term deposits

Held as

- Restricted other financial assets at amortised cost

(b) Non-current assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Units in Local Government House Trust - opening balance Movement attributable to fair value increment

Units in Local Government House Trust - closing balance

Note	2025	2024
	\$	\$
	31,327,224	30,109,480
	31,327,224	30,109,480
	31,327,224	30,109,480
	31,327,224	30,109,480
	01,021,221	00,100,100
18(a)	31,327,224	30,109,480
	31,327,224	30,109,480
	139,334	145,549
	139,334	145,549
	145,549	142,067
	(6,215)	3,482
	139,334	145,549

Fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined from the net asset value of the units held in the Trust at balance date as compiled by WALGA.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other financial assets at amortised cost

The Shire classifies financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cashflows; and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Fair values of financial assets at amortised cost are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest receivable on those assets is either close to current market rates or the assets are of a short term nature. Non-current financial assets at amortised cost fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current market rates. They are classified as level 2 fair values in the fair value hierachy (see Note 25 (i)) due to the observable market rates.

Interest received is presented under cashflows from operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Shire classifies the following financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

- debt investments which do not qualify for measurement at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- equity investments which the Shire has elected to recognise as fair value gains and losses through profit or loss.

Impairment and risk

Information regarding impairment and exposure to risk can be found at Note 23.



Shire of Mundaring

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Current
Rates and statutory receivables
Trade receivables
GST receivable
Receivables for employee related provisions
Waste charges

Non-current

Rates and statutory receivables Receivables for employee related provisions POS payments

MATERIAL	ACCOUNTING	POLICIES

Rates and statutory receivables

Rates and statutory receivables are non-contractual receivables arising from statutory requirements and include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other statutory charges or fines.

Rates and statutory receivables are recognised when the taxable event has occurred and can be measured reliably.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts receivable from contractual arrangements with customers for goods sold, services performed or grants or contributions with sufficiently specific performance obligations or for the construction of recognisable non financial assets as part of the ordinary course of business.

Measurement

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of the transaction price, unless they contain a significant financing component, and are to be recognised at fair value.

Note	2025	2024
	\$	\$
	4,020,658	3,918,025
	437,698	466,953
	354,823	262,642
15	125,703	116,398
	597,302	542,103
	5,536,184	5,306,121
	1,420,204	1,387,560
	46,411	19,620
	0	27,237
	1,466,615	1,434,417

Classification and subsequent measurement

Receivables which are generally due for settlement within 30 days except rates receivables which are expected to be collected within 12 months are classified as current assets. All other receivables such as, deferred pensioner rates receivable after the end of the reporting period are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are held with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore the Shire measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Due to the short term nature of current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. Non-current receivables are indexed to inflation, any difference between the face value and fair value is considered immaterial.

Impairment and risk exposure

Note

Information about the impairment of trade receivables and their exposure to credit risk and interest rate risk can be found in Note 23.

6. INVENTORIES

Current	
Fuel and	materials

The following movements in inventories occurred during the year:

Balance at beginning of year Inventories expensed during the year Additions to inventory Balance at end of year

BAATEDIAL	A COCUMETING	BOL 10150
MAIFRIAI	ACCOUNTING	POLICIES
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General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

NOLE	2023	2024
	\$	\$
	114,763	58,135
	114,763	58,135
	58,135	123,569
	(511,676)	(610,664)
	568,304	545,230
	114,763	58,135

7. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets - current

Prepayments

2025	2024
\$	\$
697,708	433,879
697,708	433,879

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other current assets

Other non-financial assets include prepayments which represent payments in advance of receipt of goods or services or that part of expenditure made in one accounting period covering a term extending beyond that period.



8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Movements in balances

Movement in the balances of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

			lotal property			Plant and equipment	quipment	
	2	2 2 2		Work in	Total property	Furniture and	Plant and	Total property, plant and
	- 1	4	· +	4	₩ •	. 	•	•
Dalalice at I July 2023		10,040,000	, - C+, N+ C	01,600	79,000,002	100,000	0,400,070	00,000,100
Additions		0	58,210	993,334	1,051,544	0	1,379,209	2,430,753
Disposals		0	0	0	0	0	(477,696)	(477,696)
Depreciation		0	(2,082,768)	0	(2,082,768)	(59,112)	(1,068,229)	
Balance at 30 June 2024	.	28,649,900	49,129,685	1,054,573	78,834,158	344,796	8,117,154	87,296,108
Comprises: Gross balance amount at 30 June 2024	N	28,649,900	87,989,210	1,054,573	117,693,683	878,361	13,100,608	
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2024 Relance at 30 June 2024	8(4)8	0 0 28 64 9 900	(38,859,525)	1 054 573	(38,859,525)	(533,565)	(4,983,454) 8 117 154	(44,376,544) 87 296 108
Addition		0	1 200 063	440 OEO	1 757 012	30,000	2 4 40 407	7 227 240
Addition of		(1,000,000	1,000	1,101,010	00,000	1,410,40	7,607,010
Disposals		0	0	0	0	0	(517,290)	(517,290)
Depreciation		0	(2,087,950)	0	(2,087,950)	(59,604)	(1,288,257)	(3,435,811)
Transfers	ı	0	890,060	(973,992)	(83,932)	0	0	(83,932)
Balance at 30 June 2025	, sal	28,649,900	49,240,758	529,431	78,420,089	315,192	8,761,104	87,496,385
Comprises: Gross balance amount at 30 June 2025	N)	28,649,900	90,188,234	529,431	119,367,565	908,361	14,396,185	134,672,111
Balance at 30 June 2025	8(b) 2	8(b) 28,649,900	49,240,758	529,431	78,420,089	315,192	8,761,104	87,496,385

^{*}Further analysis of the expenditure that was previously accounted for as works in progress, determined that \$83,932 related to maintenance activities rather than capital works. As a result, this amount was expensed during the 2024/25 financial year.

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Carrying amount measurements

Inputs used			catom can use and chird			Construction costs and current condition (Level 2) and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs	
Date of last valuation			SCOC Caril	Julie 2023		June 2023	
Basis of valuation			Independent	Valuers		Independent Registered Valuers	
Valuation technique			Market approach using recent	observable data for similar properties in the area		Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	
Fair value hierarchy			7	ר מא מו		Level 3	
Carrying amount 2024	\$		28 640 000	20,049,900	28,649,900	49,129,685	49,129,685
Carrying amount Carrying amount 2025	⇔	date	20 640 000	20,049,900	28,649,900	49,240,758	49,240,758
C. Note		e last valuation			8(a)		8(a)
Asset class		(i) Fair value - as determined at the last valuation date Land and buildings	011000 +0010000	Laild - Illainet Valde	Total land	Buildings	Total buildings

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used by the local government to determine the fair value of property, plant and equipment using either level 2 or level 3 inputs. The valuation techniques applied to property subject to lease was the same as that applied to property not subject to lease.

(ii) Cost Furniture and equipment

Plant and equipment

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NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

9. INFRASTRUCTURE

(a) Movements in balances

Movement in the balances of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Infrastructure - roads	Infrastructure - footpaths	Infrastructure - drainage	Infrastructure - parks and ovals	Total infrastructure
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2023	281,877,809	17,673,723	52,006,643	29,324,577	380,882,752
Additions	3,790,539	459,913	520,084	1,388,476	6,159,012
Depreciation	(4,491,630)	(314,868)	(917,842)	(885,674)	(6,610,014)
Balance at 30 June 2024	281,176,718	17,818,768	51,608,885	29,827,379	380,431,750
Comprises:					
Gross balance at 30 June 2024	358,701,932	23,685,592	84,040,219	38,730,374	505,158,117
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2024	(77,525,214)	(5,866,824)	(32,431,334)	(8,902,995)	(124,726,367)
Balance at 30 June 2024	281,176,718	17,818,768	51,608,885	29,827,379	380,431,750
Additions	4,213,567	333,798	596,703	576,300	5,720,368
Depreciation	(4,512,561)	(317,019)	(923,043)	(950,734)	(6,703,357)
Balance at 30 June 2025	280,877,724	17,835,547	51,282,545	29,452,945	379,448,761
Comprises:					
Gross balance at 30 June 2025	362,915,499	24,019,390	84,636,922	39,306,674	510,878,485
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2025	(82,037,775)	(6,183,843)	(33,354,377)	(9,853,729)	(131,429,724)
Balance at 30 June 2025	280,877,724	17,835,547	51,282,545	29,452,945	379,448,761

9. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(b) Carrying amount measurements

asela tesse	Fair value	Valuation to chain	Basis of valuation	Date of last	nourite recod
Fair value - as determined at the last valuation date	t valuation date		Tagis of valuation	2000	poen emdi:
Infrastructure - roads	Level 3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2023	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Infrastructure - footpaths	Level 3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2023	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Infrastructure - drainage	Level 3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2023	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Infrastructure - parks and ovals	Level 3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2023	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of infrastructure using level 3 inputs.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

10. FIXED ASSETS

(a) Depreciation

Depreciation rates

Typical estimated useful lives for the different asset classes for the current and prior years are included in the table below:

Asset class	Useful life
Buildings	30 to 100 years
Furniture and equipment	3 to 12 years
Plant and equipment	3 to 60 years
Sealed roads and streets	
Formation	not depreciated
Pavement	70 to 150 years
Surface	15 to 45 years
Kerb	60 to 70 years
Unsealed roads and streets	
Formation	not depreciated
Surface	15 years
Drainage	60 to 100 years
Bridges	40 to 100 years
Footpaths	15 to 100 years
Heritage Trails	
Formation	not depreciated
Pavement	60 years
Point Items	15 to 100 years
Waste Transfer Stations	15 to 100 years
Bus Shelters	20 to 50 years
Parks Hard Assets	5 to 80 years

(b) Temporarily idle or retired from use assets

The Shire did not have any idle or retired from use assets as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024.

(c) Fully depreciated assets in use

The Shire did not have any fully depreciated assets in use as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024.

10. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES Initial recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment or infrastructure that qualifies for recognition as an asset is measured at its cost.

Upon initial recognition, cost is determined as the amount paid (or other consideration given) to acquire the assets, plus costs incidental to the acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads. For assets acquired at zero cost or otherwise significantly less than fair value, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition.

Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 17A(5)*. These assets are expensed immediately.

Where multiple individual low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

Individual assets that are land, buildings and infrastructure acquired between scheduled revaluation dates of the asset class in accordance with the Shire's revaluation policy, are recognised at cost and disclosed as being at reportable value.

Measurement after recognition

Plant and equipment including furniture and equipment and right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) are measured using the cost model as required under *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 17A(2)*. Assets held under the cost model are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses being their reportable value.

Reportable value

In accordance with Local Government (Financial Management)
Regulations 17A(2), the carrying amount of non-financial assets that are land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, infrastructure or vested improvements that the local government controls.

Reportable value is for the purpose of Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 17A(4) is the fair value of the asset at its last valuation date minus (to the extent applicable) the accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses in respect of the non-financial asset subsequent to its last valuation date.

Revaluation

Land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, infrastructure or vested improvements that the local government controls and measured at reportable value, are only required to be revalued every five years in accordance with the regulatory framework. This includes buildings and infrastructure items which were pre-existing improvements (i.e. vested improvements) on land vested in the Shire

Whilst the regulatory framework only requires a revaluation to occur every five years, it also provides for the Shire to revalue earlier if it chooses to do so.

For land, buildings and infrastructure, increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of asset classes are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity.

Decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent increases are then recognised in profit or loss to the extent they reverse a net revaluation decrease previously recognised in profit or loss for the same class of asset.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all property, plant and equipment and infrastructure, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual assets useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Depreciation on revaluation

When an item of property, plant and equipment and infrastructure is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

(i) The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset; or (ii) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Impairment

In accordance with Local Government (Financial Management)
Regulations 17A(4C), the Shire is not required to comply with
AASB 136 Impairment of Assets to determine the recoverable amount
of its non-financial assets that are land or buildings classified as
property, plant and equipment, infrastructure or vested improvements
that the local government controls in circumstances where there has
been an impairment indication of a general decrease in asset values.

In other circumstances where it has been assessed that one or more of these non-financial assets are impaired, the assets carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the assets carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount

Gains or losses on disposal

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Shire of Mundaring

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

11. LEASES

(a) Right-of-use assets

		Right-of-use	
Movement in the balance of each class of right-of-use asset between the			Total right-of-use
beginning and the end of the current financial year.	Note	and equipment	assets
		\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2023		576,355	576,355
Depreciation		(211,600)	(211,600)
Balance at 30 June 2024		364,755	364,755
Gross balance amount at 30 June 2024		576,355	576,355
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2024		(211,600)	(211,600)
Balance at 30 June 2024		364,755	364,755
Depreciation		(210,367)	(210,367)
Balance at 30 June 2025		154,388	154,388
The following amounts were recognised in the statement		2025	2024
The following amounts were recognised in the statement of comprehensive income during the period in respect		2025 Actual	2024 Actual
The following amounts were recognised in the statement of comprehensive income during the period in respect of leases where the Shire is the lessee:			
of comprehensive income during the period in respect of leases where the Shire is the lessee:		Actual \$	Actual \$
of comprehensive income during the period in respect of leases where the Shire is the lessee: Depreciation on right-of-use assets	29(b)	Actual \$ (210,367)	Actual \$ (211,600)
of comprehensive income during the period in respect of leases where the Shire is the lessee:	29(b)	Actual \$	Actual \$
of comprehensive income during the period in respect of leases where the Shire is the lessee: Depreciation on right-of-use assets Finance charge on lease liabilities	29(b)	Actual \$ (210,367) (4,271)	Actual \$ (211,600) (8,469)
of comprehensive income during the period in respect of leases where the Shire is the lessee: Depreciation on right-of-use assets Finance charge on lease liabilities Total amount recognised in the statement of comprehensive income Total cash outflow from leases	29(b)	Actual \$ (210,367) (4,271) (214,638)	Actual \$ (211,600) (8,469) (220,069)
of comprehensive income during the period in respect of leases where the Shire is the lessee: Depreciation on right-of-use assets Finance charge on lease liabilities Total amount recognised in the statement of comprehensive income	29(b)	Actual \$ (210,367) (4,271) (214,638) (218,304)	(211,600) (8,469) (220,069) (218,975)
of comprehensive income during the period in respect of leases where the Shire is the lessee: Depreciation on right-of-use assets Finance charge on lease liabilities Total amount recognised in the statement of comprehensive income Total cash outflow from leases (b) Lease liabilities	29(b)	Actual \$ (210,367) (4,271) (214,638)	Actual \$ (211,600) (8,469) (220,069)

 $The \ Shire \ has \ two \ leases \ relating \ to \ IT \ server \ infrastructure \ classified \ as \ furniture \ and \ equipment. \ The \ lease \ terms \ range \ between \ 3 \ and \ 5 \ years.$

The Shire has not revalued the right of use assets relating to leased furniture and equipment as the difference between the fair value and carrying amount is immaterial.

Secured liabilities and assets pledged as security

Lease liabilities are effectively secured, as the rights to the leased assets recognised in the financial statements revert to the lessor in the event of default.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Leases

At inception of a contract, the Shire assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At the commencement date, a right-of-use asset is recognised at cost and lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Shire uses its incremental borrowing rate.

All contracts that are classified as short-term leases (i.e. a lease with a term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Details of individual lease liabilities required by regulations are provided at Note 29(b).

Right-of-use assets - measurement

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost. All right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost (i.e. not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position). The exception is vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which are reported at fair value.

Refer to Note 10 under revaluation for details on the material accounting policies applying to vested improvements.

Right-of-use assets - depreciation

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is the shorter. Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset, or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Shire anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

11. LEASES (Continued)

(c) Lessor - property, plant and equipment subject to lease

2025 2024 Actual Actual The table below represents a maturity analysis of the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date. 516,667 437,614 Less than 1 year 1 to 2 years 516,086 436,619 2 to 3 years 511,805 436,054 3 to 4 years 511,805 431,916 4 to 5 years 475,432 431,916 474,273 > 5 years 430,581 3,006,068 2,604,700 Amounts recognised in profit or loss for property, plant and 437,614 500,715

equipment subject to lease Rental income

The Shire leases community facilities to community groups with rentals payable either monthly or annually. These leases are classified as operating leases as they do not transfer substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to the

The community facilities are not considered investment property as they are leased for use in the supply of services to the community.

Lease payments for some contracts include CPI increases, but there are no other variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate. Although the Shire is exposed to changes in the residual value at the end of the current leases, the Shire typically enters into new operating leases and therefore will not immediately realise any reduction in residual value at the end of these leases.

Expectations about the future residual values are reflected in the fair value of the properties.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Shire as lessor

Upon entering into each contract as a lessor, the Shire assesses if the lease is a finance or operating lease.

The contract is classified as a finance lease when the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases not within this definition are classified as operating leases. Rental income received from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the specific lease.

Initial direct costs incurred in entering into an operating lease (eg legal cost, cost to setup) are included in the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

When a contract is determined to include lease and non-lease components, the Shire applies AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers to allocate the consideration under the contract to each component.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

12. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Current

Sundry creditors Prepaid rates Bonds and deposits held Creditor accruals Cash in lieu of POS

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value when the Shire becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and any consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

2025	2024
\$	\$
1,519,926	1,083,067
1,859,841	1,659,088
3,077,098	2,264,956
1,124,213	2,073,971
1,736,936	1,448,450
9,318,014	8,529,532

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Shire prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

Prepaid rates

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the Shire recognises income for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

13. OTHER LIABILITIES

Current

Capital grant/contributions liabilities

Reconciliation of changes in contract liabilities

Opening balance

Revenue from contracts with customers included as a contract liability at the start of the period

The Shire expects to satisfy the performance obligations, from contracts with customers unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period, within the next 12 months.

Reconciliation of changes in capital grant/contribution liabilities

Opening balance

Additions

Revenue from capital grant/contributions held as a liability at the start of the period

2025	2024
\$	\$
305,613	320,631
305,613	320,631
0	15,263
0	(15,263)
0	0
320,631	260,387
221,413	331,563
(236,431)	(271,319)
305,613	320,631

Performance obligations in relation to capital grant/contribution liabilities are satisfied as project milestones are met or completion of construction or acquisition of the asset.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Capital grant/contribution liabilities

Capital grant/contribution liabilities represent the Shire's obligations to construct recognisable non-financial assets to identified specifications to be controlled by the Shire which are yet to be satisfied. Capital grant/contribution liabilities are recognised as income when the obligations in the contract are satisfied.



Shire of Mundaring

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

14. BORROWINGS

			2025	
	Note	Current	Non-current	Total
Secured		\$	\$	\$
Other loans		854,331	5,959,390	6,813,721
Total secured borrowings	29(a)	854,331	5,959,390	6,813,721

2024					
Current	Non-current	Total			
\$	\$	\$			
812,437	6,813,721	7,626,158			
812,437	6,813,721	7,626,158			

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Borrowing costs

The Shire has elected to recognise borrowing costs as an expense when incurred regardless of how the borrowings are applied.

Fair values of borrowings are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest payable on those borrowings is either close to current market rates or the borrowings are of a short term nature. Borrowings fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierachy (see Note 25(i)) due to the unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

Risk

Details of individual borrowings required by regulations are provided at Note 29(a).

Information regarding exposure to risk can be found at Note 23.



15. EMPLOYEE RELATED PROVISIONS

Employee related provisions

	2025	2024
Current provisions	\$	\$
Employee benefit provisions		
Annual leave	1,580,311	1,654,141
Long service leave	2,018,445	2,154,583
Total current employee related provisions	3,598,756	3,808,724
Non-current provisions Employee benefit provisions		
Long service leave	334,265	248,084
Total non-current employee related provisions	334,265	248,084
Total employee related provisions	3,933,021	4,056,808

Provision is made for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and long service leave and associated on costs for services rendered up to the reporting date and recorded as an expense during the period the services are delivered.

Annual leave liabilities are classified as current, as there is no unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period. Assessments indicate that actual settlement of the liabilities is expected to occur as follows:

Amounts are expected to be settled on the following basis:	_
Less than 12 months after the reporting date	
More than 12 months from reporting date	

Expected reimbursements of employee related provisions from other WA local governments included within other receivables

Note	2025	2024
	\$	\$
	1,669,336	1,549,952
	2,263,685	2,506,856
	3,933,021	4,056,808
5	172,114	136,018

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employee benefits

The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave, long service leave and other employee leave entitlements are recognised as employee related provisions in the Statement of Financial Position.

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Long-term employee benefits provisions are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its Statement of Financial Position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

16. OTHER PROVISIONS

	Provision for Capital Contribution					
		towards Regional				
	Make good	Waste Collection				
	provisions	Project	Total			
	\$	\$	\$			
Opening balance at 1 July 2024						
Non-current provisions	161,200	1,109,598	1,270,798			
	161,200	1,109,598	1,270,798			
Additional provision	27,800	0	27,800			
Amounts used	0	(416,873)	(416,873)			
Balance at 30 June 2025	189,000	692,725	881,725			
Comprises						
Non-current	189,000	692,725	881,725			
	189,000	692,725	881,725			

Other provisions

Amounts which are expected to be paid out within 12 months of the reporting date are classified as current. Exact timing of payment of non-current obligations is unable to be reliably estimated as it is dependent on factors beyond the control of the local government.

Make good provisions

Under the licence for the operation of the Mathieson Road Waste Transfer Station, the Shire has a legal obligation to restore the site.

The estimated future obligations include the costs of restoring the affected areas and continued monitoring of the site.

The provision for future remediation costs is the best estimate of the present value of the expenditure required to settle the remediation obligation at the reporting date. Future remediation costs are reviewed annually and any changes in the estimate are reflected in the present value of the remediation provision at each reporting date.

The payment of the non-current obligations is expected to be post 27 June 2035 i.e. upon the expiry of the license.

Provision for Capital Contribution towards Regional Waste Collection Project A non-current provision was recognised 30 June 2024 for the Shire's contribution towards the EMRC's capital expenditure outlay for the Regional Waste Collection Project.

This contribution is not due to be paid to the EMRC until 30 June 2028

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Shire has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

17. REVALUATION SURPLUS

Revaluation surplus - Land and Buildings Revaluation surplus - Plant and equipment Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - roads Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - drainage Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - parks and ovals

Revaluation surplus - Share from investments in associates

2025 Opening balance	Total Movement on revaluation	2025 Closing balance	2024 Opening balance	Total Movement on revaluation	2024 Closing balance
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
56,883,463	0	56,883,463	56,883,463	0	56,883,463
1,627,873	0	1,627,873	1,627,873	0	1,627,873
214,621,038	0	214,621,038	214,621,038	0	214,621,038
10,386,985	0	10,386,985	10,386,985	0	10,386,985
36,292,031	0	36,292,031	36,292,031	0	36,292,031
18,840,959	0	18,840,959	18,840,959	0	18,840,959
338,652,349	0	338,652,349	338,652,349	0	338,652,349
4,702,028	3,351,293	8,053,321	4,640,725	61,303	4,702,028
343 354 377	3 351 293	346 705 670	343 293 074	61 303	343 354 377

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

18. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of cash

For the purposes of the Statement of cash flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	Note	2025 Actual	2024 Actual
	11010	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	3	15,176,995	17,353,578
Restrictions			
The following classes of financial assets have restrictions imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements which limit or direct the purpose for which the resources may be used:			
- Cash and cash equivalents	3	6 074 606	6,130,628
•	4	6,974,606	
- Financial assets at amortised cost	4	31,327,224 38,301,830	30,109,480 36,240,108
The restricted financial assets are a result of the following apositic purposes to			
The restricted financial assets are a result of the following specific purposes to which the assets may be used:			
Restricted reserve accounts	30	24 522 040	22 260 242
		34,532,810	33,268,212
Bonds and deposits held	12	3,077,098	2,264,956
Cash in lieu of POS (pre 10 April 2006)		386,309	386,309
Capital grant liabilities	13	305,613	320,631
Total restricted financial assets		38,301,830	36,240,108
(b) Reconciliation of net result to net cash provided			
by operating activities		(4.405.000)	077.045
Net result		(1,405,398)	277,045
Non-cash items:			
Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		6,215	(3,482)
Depreciation/amortisation		10,349,535	10,031,723
(Profit)/loss on sale of asset		(14,804)	(56,091)
Work in progress expensed		83,932	` Ó
Share of profits of associates		118,349	(1,118,605)
Provision for Capital Contribution towards Regional Waste Collection Project		(416,873)	1,109,598
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(202, 204)	602 226
(Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables		(262,261)	683,226
(Increase)/decrease in other assets		(263,829)	(101,941)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories		(56,628)	65,434
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		788,482	(3,863,937)
Increase/(decrease) in employee related provisions		(123,787)	228,804
Increase/(decrease) in other provisions		27,800	0
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities		(15,018)	44,981
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions		(4,184,460)	(2,874,028)
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		4,631,255	4,422,727
(c) Undrawn borrowing facilities			
Credit standby arrangements			
Bank overdraft limit		500.000	500,000
Bank overdraft at balance date		0	0
Credit card limit		56,000	56,000
Credit card balance at balance date		(16,184)	(24,023)
Total amount of credit unused		539,816	531,977
Loan facilities			
Loan facilities - current		854,331	812,437
Loan facilities - non-current		5,959,390	6,813,721
Total facilities in use at balance date		6,813,721	7,626,158
Unused loan facilities at balance date		NIL	NIL

19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In compliance with the *Contaminated Sites Act 2003* Section 11, the Shire has a listed site which may be potentially contaminated. Detail of the site is:

- 440 Strettle Road, Glen Forrest, 6071

The site was historically utilised as a brickworks facility between 1901 and the late 1960s, with clay extracted from the clay pit located in the south-eastern portion of the site used in the manufacturing process. Between 1987 and 1990, waste material comprising inert and putrescible waste including green and domestic household waste as well as possible asbestos was deposited at the landfill. On 7 May 2007, the site was classified under the *Contaminated Sites Act 2003 (CS Act)* as "Potentially Contaminated – Investigation Required" on the basis of there being potential for hazardous waste to be present in the landfill (as well as the potential for leachate to be generated) and the historical use of the site as a brick works facility.

The Shire conducted a Preliminary Site Investigation in 2018. However until the Shire conducts a detailed site investigation to determine scope of contamination and agree with the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation on the need and criteria for remediation of a risk based approach, the Shire is unable to estimate the potential costs associated with remediation of this site.

This approach is consistent with the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation Guidelines.

20. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

_				_	
\sim	ntra	acte	ผส	For	
(,()	11116	1676	:CJ	OI.	

- capital expenditure projects
- plant & equipment purchases

Payable:

- not later than one year

2025	2024
\$	\$
3,860,445	891,402
875,023	0
4,735,468	891,402
4,735,468	891,402

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Council member remuneration

Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to council members.	Note	2025 Actual	2025 Budget	2024 Actual
Described to the control of the cont		\$	\$	\$
President's annual allowance		68,552	68,552	65,915
President's meeting attendance fees		33,706	33,706	32,410
President's annual allowance for ICT expenses President's travel and accommodation expenses		3,500 10,139	3,500 3,500	3,500 9,976
President's superannuation contribution		980	12,162	9,970
Fresident's superannuation contribution		116,877	121,420	111,801
		110,077	121,420	111,001
Deputy President's annual allowance		14,374	17,138	16,036
Deputy President's annual anowance Deputy President's meeting attendance fees		21,083	25,137	24,170
Deputy President's annual allowance for ICT expenses		2,936	3,500	3,500
Deputy President's travel and accommodation expenses		1,238	1,000	7,642
Deputy President's superannuation contribution		0	5,264	0
		39,631	52,039	51,348
		,	,,,,,	, , ,
All other council member's meeting attendance fees		175,959	175,959	192,061
All other council member's annual allowance for ICT expenses		24,500	24,500	27,718
All other council member's travel and accommodation expenses		8,239	5,000	14,655
All other council member's superannuation contribution		1,445	23,051	0
		210,143	228,510	234,434
	21(b)	366,651	401,969	397,583
(b) Key management personnel (KMP) compensation				
The total of compensation paid to KMP of the Shire during the year are as follows:				
Chart town analogo homefite		4 000 000		4 200 442
Short-term employee benefits		1,260,293		1,388,443
Post-employment benefits		129,066		134,917
Employee - other long-term benefits Employee - termination benefits		23,705 4,130		27,268 0
Council member costs	21(c)	,		Ū
Council member costs	21(a)	366,651		397,583
		1,783,845		1,948,211

Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include all salary and fringe benefits awarded to KMP except for details in respect to fees and benefits paid to council members which may be separately found in the table above.

Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's cost of the Shire's superannuation contributions made during the year.

Other long-term benefits

These amounts represent annual leave and long service leave entitlements accruing during the year.

Council member costs

These amounts represent payments of member fees, expenses, allowances and reimbursements during the year.

21. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(c) Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties and the Shire are on normal commercial terms and conditions, no more favourable than those available to other parties, unless otherwise stated.

No outstanding balances or provisions for doubtful debts or guarantees exist in relation to related parties at year end.

KMP - other than elected members - are entitled to and do utilise the free use of the Shire's Aquatic Centres.

In addition to KMP compensation above the following transactions occurred with related parties:	2025 Actual	2024 Actual
	\$	\$
Purchase of goods and services	6,189,356	5,579,439
Investments in associates: Distributions received from investments in associates	677,500	0

(d) Related parties

The Shire's main related parties are as follows:

i. Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Shire, directly or indirectly, including any council member, are considered key management personnel.

ii. Other Related Parties

An associate person of KMP was employed by the Shire under normal employment terms and conditions.

Any entity that is controlled by or over which KMP, or close family members of KMP, have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activity of the entity, directly or indirectly, are considered related parties in relation to the Shire.

iii. Entities subject to significant influence by the Shire

An entity that has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity, but does not have control over those policies, is an entity which holds significant influence.

Significant influence may be gained by share ownership, statute or agreement.



Shire of Mundaring

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

22. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

(a) Investment in associates

Set out in the table below are the associates of the Shire. All associates are measured using the equity method. Western Australia is the principal place of business for all associates.

	% of ownership interest		2025	2024	
Name of entity	2025	2024	Actual	Actual	
			\$	\$	
EMRC	13.57%	13.55%	24,040,764	21,485,320	
Total equity-accounted investments			24.040.764	21.485.320	

(b) Share of investment

The Shire of Mundaring has a share in the net assets of the Eastern Metropolitan Regional Council (EMRC) as a member council.

The EMRC provides services in waste management, resource recovery, environmental management and regional development.

The accounting share applicable to the Shire of Mundaring as at 30 June 2025 as disclosed in the financial statements of the EMRC is \$24,040,764

This represents the Shire's 13.57% share of the total equity of the EMRC.

The Shire of Mundaring issued its Notice of Withdrawal from the EMRC on 11 December 2024.

The effective date of the withdrawal is after the 30 June 2025. Consequently, the withdrawal takes effect from 1 July 2025.

The financial report is prepared on the basis that the Shire of Mundaring is a participant of the EMRC as at balance date 30 June 2025 and its share of the equity is represented in the notes of the accounts.

The equity entitlement is subject to a different valuation methodology and process prescribed in the Establishment Agreement for withdrawing participants.

At present, a separate process is in progress and the value is to be finalised.

The Shire has no evidence at this point in time to indicate that the recoverable amount is less than the carrying amount.

		2025	2024
Summarised statement of comprehensive income	Note	Actual	Actual
Revenue		\$ 71,002,350	\$ 73,628,107
Revenue		71,983,358	73,028,107
Expenses		(82,792,572)	(57,511,232)
Profit/(loss) on asset disposals		(281,258)	0
Profit/(loss) for the period		(11,090,472)	16,116,875
Other comprehensive income		24,953,785	467,065
Total comprehensive income for the period		13,863,313	16,583,940
Summarised statement of financial position Cash and cash equivalents			
Other current assets		79,755,243	94,271,356
Non-current assets		151,800,790	141,786,776
Total assets		231,556,033	236,058,132
Current financial liabilities		45,561,860	40,583,440
Non-current financial liabilities		8,808,999	36,935,224
Total liabilities		54,370,859	77,518,664
Net assets		177,185,174	158,539,468
Reconciliation to carrying amounts			
Opening net assets 1 July		158,539,468	177,673,742
Changes in members contributions		4,782,393	(35,718,215)
Profit/(Loss) for the period		(11,090,472)	16,116,875
Other comprehensive income		24,953,785	467,065
Closing net assets 30 June		177,185,174	158,539,467
Carrying amount at 1 July		21,485,320	20,305,412
- Share of associates net profit/(loss) for the period	22(c)	(118,349)	1,118,605
- Share of associates other comprehensive income arising during the period		3,351,293	61,303
- Distribution of equity by associate		(677,500)	0
Carrying amount at 30 June (Refer to Note 22(a))		24,040,764	21,485,320

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Shire has significant influence, that is it has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control of those policies.

Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method. The equity method of accounting, is whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Shire's share of net assets of the associate. In addition, the Shire's share of the profit or loss of the associate is included in the Shire's profit or loss.

(c) Share of associates net profit/(loss) for the period

Investment in EMRC

2025	2024
Actual	Actual
\$	\$
(118,349)	1,118,605
(118,349)	1,118,605

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

This note explains the Shire's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the Shire's future financial performance.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Market risk - interest rates	Long term borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Utilise fixed interest rate borrowings
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets and debt investments	Aging analysis Credit analysis	Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits. Investment policy
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

The Shire does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance department under policies approved by the council. The finance department identifies, evaluates and manages financial risks in close co-operation with the operating divisions. Council have approved the overall risk management policy and provide policies on specific areas such as investment policy.

(a) Interest rate risk

Cash and cash equivalents

The Shire's main interest rate risk arises from cash and cash equivalents with variable interest rates, which exposes the Shire to cash flow interest rate risk. Short term overdraft facilities also have variable interest rates however these are repaid within 12 months, reducing the risk level to minimal.

Excess cash and cash equivalents are invested in fixed interest rate term deposits which do not expose the Shire to cash flow interest rate risk. Cash and cash equivalents required for working capital are held in variable interest rate accounts and non-interest bearing accounts. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents at the 30 June and the weighted average interest rate across all cash and cash equivalents, term deposits, and Treasury bonds held disclosed as financial assets at amortised cost are reflected in the table below.

	Weighted average interest rate	Carrying amounts	Fixed interest rate	Variable interest rate	Non interest bearing
•	%	\$	\$	\$	\$
2025					
Cash and cash equivalents	1.00%	15,176,995	0	15,172,145	4,850
Financial assets at amortised cost - term					
deposits	4.50%	31,327,224	31,327,224	0	0
Financial assets at amortised cost -					
Treasury bonds					
2024					
Cash and cash equivalents	1.00%	17,353,578	0	17,348,603	4,975
Financial assets at amortised cost - term		,,	-	,,	,,
deposits	3.49%	30,109,480	30,109,480	0	0
Financial assets at amortised cost -		,,	,,		
Treasury bonds					

Amounts above are exclusive of GST receivable and do not include receivables for employee related provisions.

Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest income from cash and cash equivalents as a result of changes in interest rates.

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Impact of a 1% movement in interest rates on profit or loss and equity*	151,721	173,486
* Holding all other variables constant		

Borrowings

Borrowings are subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. The Shire manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate to the situation considered the most advantageous at the time of negotiation. The Shire does not consider there to be any interest rate risk in relation to borrowings. Details of interest rates applicable to each borrowing may be found at Note 29(a).

Shire of Mundaring NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FIN

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Trade and other receivables

The Shire's major trade and other receivables comprise contractual non-statutory user fees and charges, grants, contributions and reimbursements. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing debt recovery policies.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

The Shire applies the AASB 9 Financial Instruments simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade and other receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, receivables from grants, contributions and reimbursements are separated from other trade receivables due to the difference in payment terms and security.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of trade and other receivables over a period of 36 months before 1 July 2024 or 1 July 2025 respectively and the corresponding historical losses experienced within this period. Historical credit loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors such as the ability of users to settle the receivables.

The loss allowance as at 30 June 2025 and 30 June 2024 was determined as follows for trade and other receivables:

		More than 30	More than 60	More than 90	
	Current	days past due	days past due	days past due	Total
30 June 2025					
Trade receivables					
Expected credit loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Gross carrying amount	986,781	47,207	0	1,012	1,035,000
Loss allowance	0	0	0	0	0
30 June 2024					
Trade receivables					
Expected credit loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Gross carrying amount	999,538	1,046	7,381	1,091	1,009,056
Loss allowance	0	0	0	0	0

23. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Payables and borrowings

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon if required and disclosed in Note 18(c).

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Shire's payables and borrowings are set out in the liquidity table below. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying amounts, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Due within 1 year	Due between 1 & 5 years	Due after 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Carrying amount
2025	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade and other payables	9,318,014	0	0	9,318,014	9,318,014
Borrowings	1,106,045	3,399,940	3,464,559	7,970,544	6,813,721
Lease liabilities	157,727	0	0	157,727	157,727
	10,581,786	3,399,940	3,464,559	17,446,285	16,289,462
2024					
Trade and other payables	8,529,532	0	0	8,529,532	8,529,532
Borrowings	1,106,045	3,912,061	4,058,483	9,076,589	7,626,158
Lease liabilities	223,602	148,158	0	371,760	371,760
	9,859,179	4,060,219	4,058,483	17,977,881	16,527,450



Shire of Mundaring

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

24. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

Other than the withdrawl of the Shire of Mundaring from the EMRC taking effect 1 July 2025 as disclosed in Note 22, there have been no significant events after the reporting period that are required to be included in the 2024/25 Annual Financial Report

The withdrawal of the Shire from the EMRC is considered a non-adjusting event.

25. OTHER MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

b) Current and non-current classification

The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current or non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

c) Rounding off figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar. Amounts are presented in Australian Dollars.

d) Comparative figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Shire applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements that has a material effect on the statement of financial position, an additional (third) Statement of Financial Position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial report is presented.

e) Budget comparative figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure

f) Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution plans.

g) Fair value of assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that the Shire would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

h) Interest revenue

Interest revenue is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset measured at amortised cost except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

i) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Laval 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

The Shire selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Shire are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of the service capacity of an asset.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Shire gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

j) Impairment of assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Shire's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the assets fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount except for non-financial assets that are:

- land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment;
- infrastructure; or
- vested improvements that the local government controls, in circumstances where there has been an impairment indication of a general decrease in asset values.

These non-financial assets are assessed in accordance with the regulatory framework detailed in Note 10.

Any excess of the assets carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.



Shire of Mundaring

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

26. FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

(a) Service objectives and descriptions

Shire operations as disclosed in this financial report encompass the following service orientated functions and activities.

Obj	ject	ive	
Go	verr	nar	CE

To provide a decision making process for the efficient allocation of resources.

General purpose funding

To collect revenue to allow for the provision of services.

Law, order, public safety

To provide services to help ensure a safer community.

Health

To provide an operational framework for environmental and community health.

Education and welfare

To provide services to disadvantaged persons, the elderly, children and youth.

Community amenities

To provide essential services required by the community.

Recreation and culture

To establish and effectively manage infrastructure and resources which will help the social well being of the community.

Transport

To provide safe, effective and efficient transport services to the community.

Economic services

To help promote the shire and its economic wellbeing.

Other property and services

To monitor and control the Shire's overheads operating accounts.

Description

Includes the activities of members of council and the administrative support required for the Council and Shire services.

Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue.

Supervision and enforcement of legislation and various local laws relating to fire prevention, animal control and other aspects of public safety including

emergency services.

Prevention of human illnesses, including inspection of premises/food control.

Operating and maintaining child minding centres and playgroup centres. Provision of services and programs for the youth and seniors of the Shire.

Rubbish collection services, operation of waste disposal sites, litter control, construction and maintenance of urban storm water drains, protection of the environment and administration of town planning schemes, cemeteries and public conveniences.

Maintenance of public halls, civic centres, aquatic centres, lake, recreation centres and various sporting facilities. Provision and maintenance of parks, gardens and playgrounds. Operation of libraries and other cultural facilities.

Construction and maintenance of roads, streets, pathways, depots, parking facilities and traffic control. Cleaning of streets and maintenance of street trees, street lighting etc.

Tourism and area promotion. Provision of standpipes. Approval of building construction and implementation of statutory building controls.

Public works overheads, plant and equipment operations and activities not reported in the above programs.

26. FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY (Continued)

(b) Income and expenses	2025	2024
(b) moone and expenses	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$
Income excluding grants, subsidies and contributions and	•	•
capital grants, subsidies and contributions		
Governance	284,298	367,803
General purpose funding	36,200,979	36,312,982
Law, order, public safety	206,817	193,796
Health	121,526	127,236
Education and welfare	2,749,301	2,786,058
Community amenities	10,267,714	9,058,362
Recreation and culture	1,473,977	1,506,371
Transport	5,564	29,900
Economic services	438,989	406,442
Other property and services	169,492	116,560
	51,918,657	50,905,510
Grants, subsidies and contributions and capital grants,		
subsidies and contributions		
General purpose funding	1,385,961	1,767,847
Law, order, public safety	869,958	1,461,824
Education and welfare	3,383,236	2,883,613
Community amenities	214,628	437,210
Recreation and culture	378,390	527,183
Transport	4,737,973	3,800,276
	10,970,146	10,877,953
Total income	62,888,803	61,783,463
Expenses		
Governance	(1,791,086)	(3,746,746)
General purpose funding	(1,086,902)	(920,017)
Law, order, public safety	(5,063,938)	(5,002,032)
Health	(726,938)	(654,363)
Education and welfare	(8,329,000)	(7,628,847)
Community amenities	(15,643,947)	(15,613,617)
Recreation and culture	(14,810,008)	(12,811,502)
Transport	(11,624,356)	(11,042,827)
Economic services	(925,763)	(783,142)
Other property and services	(4,292,263)	(3,303,325)
Total expenses	(64,294,201)	(61,506,418)
Net result for the period	(1,405,398)	277,045
(c) Assets		
Governance	10,335,746	10,534,701
General purpose funding	51,834,368	52,768,648
Law, order, public safety	5,558,823	6,141,180
Health	508,134	547,018
Education and welfare	2,719,816	2,803,899
Community amenities	26,596,251	24,051,701
Recreation and culture	68,764,053	68,995,524
Transport	355,672,175	354,827,313
Economic services	27,135	26,046
Other property and services	23,589,065	23,723,062
Total assets	545,599,121	544,419,092

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

27. RATING INFORMATION

Total general rates and minimum pa

Total rates

(b) Rates related information
Rates instalment plan charges
Rates overdue interest

*Rateable Value at time of raising of rate.

	141,750 270,000			131,739 321,735						
32,475,736	33,831,164	I		34,085,034						
32,475,736	33,831,164	162,527	33,668,637	34,085,034	416,395	33,668,639	509,677,973	16,246		payments
493,173	477,315	0	477,315	477,315	0	477,315	4,032,354	483		
7,212	7,470	0	7,470	7,470	0	7,470	57,455	6	1,245_	Unimproved valuation
135,993	154,645	0	154,645	154,645	0	154,645	1,431,610	157	985	Gross rental valuation
344,262	308,305	0	308,305	308,305	0	308,305	2,478,690	313	985	Gross rental valuation
951	985	0	985	985	0	985	10,185		985	Gross rental valuation
4,755	5,910	0	5,910	5,910	0	5,910	54,414	6	985	Gross rental valuation
									49	
									Minimum payment	
31,982,563	33,353,849	162,527	33,191,322	33,607,719	416,395	33,191,324	505,645,619	15,763		
931,905	924,197	0	924,197	924,197	0	924,197	142,645,000	239	0.006479_	Unimproved valuation
6,160,534	6,396,896	0	6,396,896	6,438,191	41,294	6,396,897	71,964,182	3,122	0.08889	Gross rental valuation
20,893,832	21,884,171	162,527	21,721,644	22,080,919	365,993	21,714,926	244,289,846	11,558	0.08889	Gross rental valuation
1,617,842	1,676,227	0	1,676,227	1,679,139	0	1,679,139	18,890,080	292	0.08889	Gross rental valuation
2,378,450	2,472,358	0	2,472,358	2,485,273	9,108	2,476,165	27,856,511	552	0.08889	Gross rental valuation
49	49	49	49	49	49	€9	€9			
revenue	revenue	rate	revenue	revenue	rates	revenue	value*	properties	49	Basis of valuation
total	total	interim	rate	total	interim	rate	rateable	of	Rate in	
Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Number		
2023/24	2024/25	2024/25	2024/25	2024/25	2024/25	2024/25	2024/25			

28. DETERMINATION OF SURPLUS OR DEFICIT

28. DETERMINATION OF SURPLUS OR DEFICIT				
	Note	2024/25 (30 June 2025 carried forward)	2024/25 Budget (30 June 2025 carried forward)	2023/24 (30 June 2024 carried forward)
(a) Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities		\$	\$	\$
The following non-cash revenue or expenditure has been excluded from amounts attributable to operating activities within the Statement of Financial Activity in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32</i> . Adjustments to operating activities Less: Profit on asset disposals Less: Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Less: Share of net profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method Add: Loss on disposal of assets Add: Depreciation Non-cash movements in non-current assets and liabilities: Pensioner deferred rates Employee benefit provisions Other provisions Work in progress expensed POS payment receivable Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities	10(a)	(78,875) 6,215 118,349 64,071 10,349,535 (32,644) 59,390 (389,073) 83,932 27,237 10,208,137	(157,519) 0 0 226,819 9,619,397 0 0 0 0 0 0 9,688,697	(102,034) (3,482) (1,118,605) 45,943 10,031,723 (95,730) (39,790) 1,109,598 0 0
(b) Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates				
The following current assets and liabilities have been excluded from the net current assets used in the Statement of Financial Activity in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32</i> to agree to the surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates.				
Adjustments to net current assets Less: Reserve accounts Add: Current liabilities not expected to be cleared at end of year	30	(34,532,810)	(33,771,098)	(33,268,212)
- Current portion of borrowings - Current portion of lease liabilities Total adjustments to net current assets	14 11(b)	854,331 157,727 (33,520,752)	854,331 157,727 (32,759,040)	812,437 223,602 (32,232,173)
Net current assets used in the Statement of financial activity Total current assets Less: Total current liabilities Less: Total adjustments to net current assets Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates		52,852,874 (14,234,441) (33,520,752) 5,097,681	49,698,702 (16,939,662) (32,759,040)	53,261,193 (13,694,926) (32,232,173) 7,334,094

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

29. BORROWING AND LEASE LIABILITIES

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Data Centres (servers) x2 Server Infrastructure Total finance cost payments	Lease finance cost payments Purpose	Photocopier/Printers Data Centres (servers) x2 Server Infrastructure Total lease liabilities	Purpose	(b) Lease liabilities	* WA Treasury Corporation	Total finance cost payments	Civic Facility Redevelopment Community Building Projects Total	Borrowing finance cost payments Purpose	Civic Facility Redevelopment Community Building Projects Total	Purpose	(4)
		Lease 6 Lease 7 Lease 8 11(b)	Note					ients		Note	
Lease 7 Lease 8	Lease number	\$ 669 433,125 148,472 582,266	Principal at 1 July 2023				170 171	Loan number	\$ 2,143,591 6,255,439 8,399,030	Principal at 1 July 2023	
HP Financial HP Financial	Institution	4	New leases during 2023-24				WATC*	Institution	4	New loans during 2023-24	
1.02% 4.06%	Interest rate	\$ (669) 0 (142,906) 0 (66,931) 0 (210,506)	Principal repayments during 2023-24				6.95% 3.17%	Interest rate	\$ 0 (371,446) 0 (401,426) 0 (772,872)	Principal repayments during 2023-24	
30/06/2026 31/08/2025	Date final payment is due	\$ 0 290,219 81,541 371,760	Principal at 30 June 2024	Actual			3/07/2028 1/05/2036	Date final payment is due	\$ 1,772,145 5,854,013 7,626,158	Actual Principal at 30 June 2024	
		49	New leases during 2024-25						49	New loans during 2024-25	
\$ (2,279) (1,992) (4,271)	Actual for year ending 30 June 2025	\$ (144,373) (69,660) (214,033)	Principal repayments during 2024-25			(290,229)	\$ (110,642) (179,587) (290,229)	Actual for year ending 30 June 2025	\$ (398,099) (414,338) (812,437)	Principal repayments during 2024-25	
\$ (2,279) (1,992) (4,271)	Budget for year ending 30 June 2025	\$ 0 145,846 11,881 157,727	Principal at 30 June 2025			(290,229)	\$ (110,642) (179,587) (290,229)	Budget for year ending 30 June 2025	\$ 1,374,046 5,439,675 6,813,721	Principal at 30 June 2025	
\$ (3,746) (4,723) (8,469)	Actual for year ending 30 June 2024	\$ 290,219 81,541 371,760	Principal at 1 July 2024			(329,794)	\$ (137,296) (192,498) (329,794)	Actual for year ending 30 June 2024	\$ 1,772,145 5,854,013 7,626,158	Principal at 1 July 2024	
60 mths 36 mths	Lease term	ω	New leases during 2024-25	Budget					(4	Budget New loans during 2024-25 d	1
		\$ (144,373) (69,660) (214,033)	Principal repayments during 2024-25	get					\$ (398,100) (414,338) (812,438)	get Principal repayments during 2024-25	
		\$ 0 0 145,846 1,881 157,727	Principal at 30 June 2025						\$ 1,374,045 () 5,439,675 () 6,813,720	Principal at 30 June 2025	



NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2024	2024	2024	2024
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
	opening	transfer	transfer	closing	opening	transfer	transfer	closing	opening	transfer	transfer	closing
30. RESERVE ACCOUNTS	balance	\$	(from)	balance	balance	ţ	(from)	balance	balance	đ	(from)	balance
	49	4	ss	ss	49	49	s	s	s	s	s	s
Restricted by legislation/agreement												
(a) Telecommunications Facility Bailup Reserve	44,520	15,065	0	59,585	41,994	12,006	0	54,000	30,504	14,016	0	44,520
(b) Cash in lieu of Public Open Space Reserve	1,077,999	294,262	0	1,372,261	1,074,174	151,323	0	1,225,497	847,256	230,743	0	1,077,999
	1,122,519	309,327	0	1,431,846	1,116,168	163,329	0	1,279,497	877,760	244,759	0	1,122,519
Restricted by council												
(c) Leave Reserve	1,050,809	217,361	(824,628)	443,542	1,004,351	47,987	(375,000)	677,338	367,512	972,011	(288,714)	1,050,809
(d) Civic Facilities Reserve	13,158,206	2,733,112	(502,843)	15,388,475	13,081,474	4,218,546	(502,842)	16,797,178	10,992,171	2,796,442	(630,407)	13,158,206
(e) Information Technology Reserve	1,086,404	151,421	(102,780)	1,135,045	1,085,357	151,857	(285,000)	952,214	891,783	194,621	0	1,086,404
(f) Childrens Services Reserve	3,462,482	161,860	(39,827)	3,584,515	3,423,085	263,552	(275,157)	3,411,480	3,224,927	237,555	0	3,462,482
(g) Capital Investment Reserve	3,456,751	163,758	0	3,620,509	3,461,165	165,371	0	3,626,536	3,299,925	156,826	0	3,456,751
(h) Capital Income Reserve	5,683,454	692,709	(753,959)	5,622,204	5,387,681	690,237	(1,265,230)	4,812,688	5, 569, 808	695,137	(581,491)	5,683,454
(i) Gravel Pit Rehabilitation Reserve	65,207	3,089	0	68,296	65,291	3,120	0	68,411	62,249	2,958	0	65,207
(j) Plant Reserve	2,750,323	812,269	(1,620,288)	1,942,304	2,759,912	868,661	(3,014,798)	613,775	2,262,040	1,339,881	(851,598)	2,750,323
(k) Unspent Grants Reserves	0	8,695	(8,695)	0	0	0	0	0	120,250	0	(120,250)	0
(I) Waste Management Reserve	1,321,584	728,516	(1,050,585)	999,515	946,213	695,209	(495,000)	1,146,422	2,180,471	252,075	(1,110,962)	1,321,584
(m) Environmental Future Fund Reserve	110,473	25,554	0	136,027	110,289	25,270	0	135,559	86,083	24,390	0	110,473
(n) Workers Compensation Reserve	0	160,532	0	160,532	0	250,000	0	250,000	0	0	0	0
	32,145,693	5,858,876	(4,903,605)	33,100,964	31,324,818	7,379,810	(6,213,027)	32,491,601	29,057,219	6,671,896	(3,583,422)	32,145,693
	33,268,212	6,168,203	(4,903,605)	34,532,810	32,440,986	7,543,139	(6,213,027)	33,771,098	29,934,979	6,916,655	(3,583,422)	33,268,212

All reserves are supported by cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost and are restricted within equity as Reserve accounts.

In accordance with council resolutions or adopted budget in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside and their anticipated date of use are as follows:

Purpose of the reserve account Restricted by legislation/agreement Name of reserve account

Telecommunications Facility Bailup Reserve. To maintain the grounds and facilities of the reserve. Where there are surplus reserve funds, to maintain the grounds and facilities of other reserves within the locality. Cash in lieu of Public Open Space Reserve. Hold cash received in lieu of public open space.

- Restricted by council
- To fund the Shire's Long Service Leave Liability.

 To fund the construction and/or purchase of public buildings and facilities.

 To fund the upgrade and replacement of the Shire's information technology.

 To provide funds to rupe purchase of capital items, preventative maintenance for Children Service's buildings and employee entitlements. To fund the advancement of the Shire's Property Strategy.

 To fund the production of savel and the rehabilitation of grave pits.

 To fund the production of grave land the rehabilitation of grave pits.

 To fund the production of grave land the rehabilitation of grave pits.

 To fund the production of grave pits and rand light whickes.

 To fund applian costs and any operating deficits associated with the provision of the Shire's waste management services.

 To fund environmental initiatives and projects.

 To fund the settlement of workers compensation claims that exceed insured coverage. Information Technology Reserve

Capital Investment Reserve Capital Income Reserve Gravel Pit Rehabilitation Reserve

Unspent Grants Reserves

Plant Reserve

Childrens Services Reserve

Civic Facilities Reserve

Leave Reserve

(a)

- Waste Management Reserve Environmental Future Fund Reserve Workers Compensation Reserve



Shire of MundaringNOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

31. TRUST FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

Funds held at balance date which are required to be held in trust and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

	1 July 2024	Amounts received	Amounts paid	30 June 2025
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Public Open Space Contributions	2,572,224	19,028	0	2,591,252
	2,572,224	19,028	0	2,591,252

^{*}Amounts received relates to interest received on existing funds.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 2025 Shire of Mundaring

To the Council of the Shire of Mundaring

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the Shire of Mundaring (Shire) which comprises:

- the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2025, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and statement of financial activity for the year then ended
- notes comprising a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the financial report:

- is based on proper accounts and records
- presents fairly, in all material respects, the results of the operations of the Shire for the year ended 30 June 2025 and its financial position at the end of that period
- is in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* (the Act) and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report section below.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Emphasis of Matter – Investment in Associates

I draw attention to Note 22 to the financial report, which states that the Shire has resolved to withdraw as a member participant from Eastern Metropolitan Regional Council effective from 1 July 2025. My opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other information

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is responsible for the preparation and the Council for overseeing the other information. The other information is the information in the entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2025, but not the financial report and my auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I did not receive the other information prior to the date of this auditor's report. When I do receive it, I will read it and if I conclude that there is a material misstatement in this information, I am required to communicate the matter to the CEO and Council and request them to correct the misstated information. If the misstated information is not corrected, I may need to retract this auditor's report and re-issue an amended report.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer and Council for the financial report

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Shire is responsible for:

- keeping proper accounts and records
- preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the requirements of the Act, the Regulations and Australian Accounting Standards
- managing internal control as required by the CEO to ensure the financial report is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the CEO is responsible for:

- assessing the Shire's ability to continue as a going concern
- disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern
- using the going concern basis of accounting unless the State Government has made decisions affecting the continued existence of the Shire.

The Council is responsible for overseeing the Shire's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by the *Auditor General Act 2006*, my responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report. The objectives of my audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located on the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website. This description forms part of my auditor's report and can be found at https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors responsibilities/ar4.pdf.



My independence and quality management relating to the report on the financial report

I have complied with the independence requirements of the *Auditor General Act 2006* and the relevant ethical requirements relating to assurance engagements. In accordance with ASQM 1 *Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Reports and Other Financial Information, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements,* the Office of the Auditor General maintains a comprehensive system of quality management including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Matters relating to the electronic publication of the audited financial report

This auditor's report relates to the financial report of the Shire of Mundaring for the year ended 30 June 2025 included in the annual report on the Shire's website. The Shire's management is responsible for the integrity of the Shire's website. This audit does not provide assurance on the integrity of the Shire's website. The auditor's report refers only to the financial report. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the annual report. If users of the financial report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from publication on a website, they are advised to contact the Shire to confirm the information contained in the website version.

Carly Meagher

Senior Director Financial Audit
Delegate of the Auditor General for Western Australia

Perth, Western Australia

Sales

2 December 2025











